

Course	: B. Pharmacy	Sem	: I
Subject Name	: Pharmaceutical Analysis I	Subject Code:	BP102T
Max Marks	: 75	Duration	: 3 Hr.

**Instructions:**

1. All questions are compulsory
2. Draw diagrams / figures wherever necessary
3. Figures to right indicate full marks

**Q. 1. Objective Type Questions (Answer all the questions) (10 x 2) = 20**

- i) Explain principle of Mohr's method.
- ii) Explain principle, reaction involved in standardization of sodium hydroxide.
- iii) Differentiate between iodometry and iodimetry.
- iv) Define co-precipitation and post-precipitation. <https://pharmacyindia.co.in/>
- v) Explain back titration with an example
- vi) Define reference electrode and indicator electrode with example.
- vii) Describe principle of polarography.
- viii) Define oxidizing and reducing agent with example.
- ix) Differentiate between qualitative and quantitative analysis.
- x) Differentiate between accuracy and precision.

**Q. 2. Long Answers (Answer 2 out of 3) (2 x 10) = 20**

- i) Describe in detail conductometric titrations.
- ii) Explain principle and different steps involved in Gravimetric analysis?
- iii) Write the principle of limit test for arsenic? Explain construction and working of Gutzeit test apparatus.

**Q. 3. Short Answers (Answer 7 out of 9) (7 x 5) = 35**

- i) Give the principle, reaction for limit test for chloride and sulphate. <https://pharmacyindia.co.in/>
- ii) Explain in short masking and demasking agents.
- iii) Explain the principle, reaction involved in the estimation of Calcium Gluconate.
- iv) Describe leveling and differentiating effects in the context of non-aqueous titrations.
- v) Discuss construction and working of calomel electrode.
- vi) Define and classify errors.
- vii) Discuss neutralization curve of strong acid against strong base.
- viii) Differentiate between Volhard's and modified Volhard's method. <https://pharmacyindia.co.in/>
- ix) Explain pM indicators.