12425 03 Hours / 80 Marks



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Seat No.			100	5		

Instructions -

- (1) All Questions are Compulsory.
- (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
- (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
- (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (5) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.
- (6) In case student has attempted sub-question of question no. 3 more than once, only first attempt should be considered for assessment.

Marks

1. Attempt any SIX of the following:

30

- a) Which route of drug administration have 100% bio-availability and used in emergency conditions? State its any four advantages and disadvantages.
- b) Explain pharmacological actions of the Acetylcholine. Why Acetylcholine is not used clinically?
- c) How cancer is treated in different ways?
- d) Explain Tolerance with its types and examples.
- e) Enlist and explain the factors affecting absorption of drugs.
- f) Classify Antihypertensive drugs with examples of drugs.
- g) How synergism, cumulation and sex modify the actions of drugs.

2. Attempt any $\overline{\text{TEN}}$ of the following:

30

- a) Classify Antiasthmatic drugs with examples.
- b) What is preanaesthetic medication? Discuss its importance with drugs.
- c) Define Haematinics and Anticoagulants along with its examples.
- d) Explain oral contraceptives with its types or methods.
- e) Define Miotics and Cycloplegics with examples of drugs.
- f) Define and classify Diuretic drugs.
- g) Explain Emetics and skeletal muscle relaxants with examples.
- h) Why morphine is contraindicated in head injury and Aspirin in peptic ulcer.
- i) Define Nootropics and Biologicals with one example each.
- j) Why Adrenaline is used in emergency kit of physician?
- k) Explain Antihistaminic drugs with examples.



Marks

20221 3. 100 A.

Define Analeptic drug

SCA	Attempt ALL of the following:		20					
a)	Define pharmacokinetics.		hain					
b)	Enlist four routes under parenteral rout	e of	administration.					
c)	Placebos therapy produces.		HitP					
	i) Effect on the disease.	ii)	Psychological relief.					
	iii) Physical relief.	iv)	None of these.					
d)	Digitalis acts as a drug.							
	i) Cardiotonic	ii)	Antianginal					
	iii) Antihypertensive	iv)	All of these.					
e)	Following are the Gastric Antacids exc	ept .						
	i) Sodium Bicarbonate	ii)	Magnesium trisilicate					
	iii) Castor oil	iv)	Aluminium hydroxide					
f)	is used in treatment of Hy	ypert	hyrodism.					
g)	Codeine clinically is used as							
h)	Define Mucolytic agents.							
i)	Pilocarpine is used in treatment of							
j)) Penicillin shows as adverse effect.							
k)	Tetracycline is the drug of choice in tr	reatm	nent of which disease?					
4)	Name one Antifungal drug.		Cyline					
m)	To avoid adverse effect, Isoniazide is t	taken	with –					
	i) Haematinics	ii)	Purgatives					
	iii) Lactobacillus	iv)	Pyridoxine.					
n)	Following drugs are avoided in Pregna	ncy	except					
	i) Morphine	ii)	Ergot					
	iii) Purgatives	iv)	Folic acid					
o)	Which drug shows ototoxicity as a sid	e eff	ect?					
p)	What is cotrimoxazole?	:. C	,					
q)	Name the antidote for organophosphoru	is co	mpound poisoning					
r)	Levodopa is always given in combinati	ion v						
s)	What is Lithium carbonate used as							