

GPAT

2027-28



PHARMACEUTICAL JURISPRUDENCE

CLASS- 8



TIME- 8 : 30 P.M

THE PHARMACY ACT, 1948

UPDATED QUESTIONS TILL GPAT 2026

GPAT



VIDEO
LECTURE



PDF



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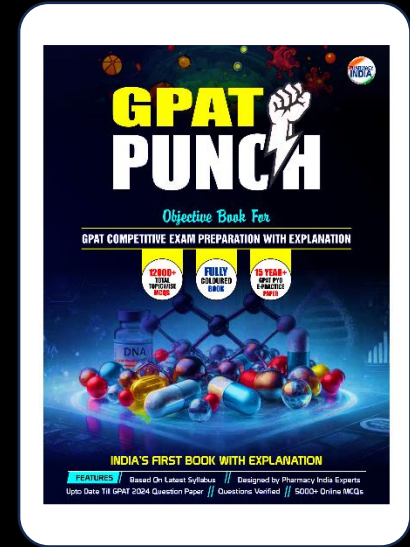




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01. The number of persons elected as members of the Pharmacy Council of India from the teaching profession is: **[GPAT-2023 SHIFT-II]**

- (a) Five
- (b) Six
- (c) Seven
- (d) Eight



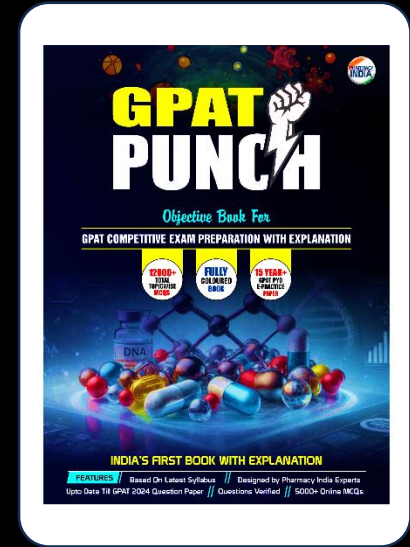
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PHARMACY COUNCIL OF INDIA

includes
**6 TEACHING–PROFESSION
★ MEMBERS ★**

6



ELECTED BY UGC
from teachers of
**PHARMACY–RELATED
SUBJECTS**



THEY REPRESENT

**PHARMACY
EDUCATION
AND ACADEMIC
INTERESTS**



6 TEACHING–PROFESSION MEMBERS



TEACHING



LEARNING



PHARMACY



ACADEMICS



GOVERNANCE



COUNCIL



IMPORTANT EXAM POINT: TEACHING PROFESSION MEMBERS =

6



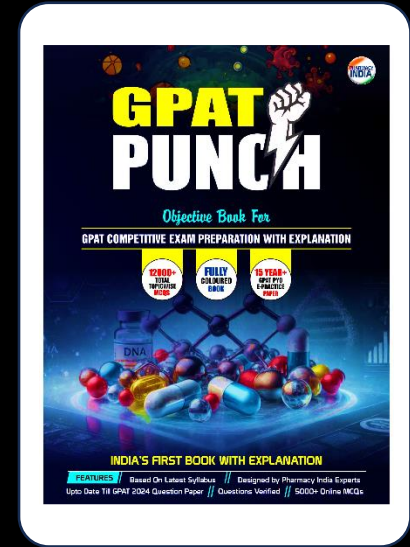


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02.

As per the Pharmacy Act, in the composition of Pharmacy Council of India, the total number of ex-officio members is: **[GPAT-2022]**

- (a) Three
- (b) Four
- (c) Six
- (d) Eight



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02.

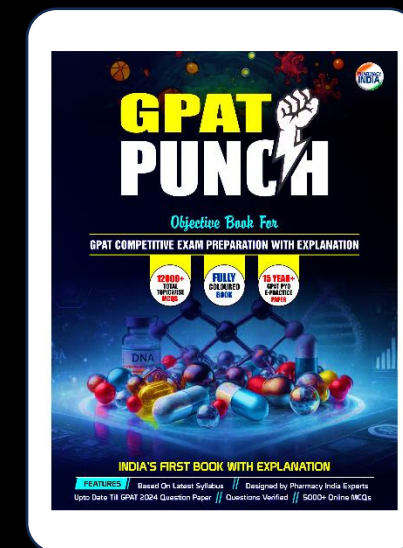
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(a) Three

(b) Four

(c) Six

(d) Eight



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PCI Ex-officio Members



Total = 3



Ex-officio means member by virtue of official position.

PHARMACY
COUNCIL OF INDIA



★
Director
General of
Health Services



★
Drugs
Controller
of India



★
Director,
Central Drugs
Laboratory



These officials are **members automatically** because of their posts.





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03.

Choose the correct statement with respect to the Pharmacy Act, 1948: [GPAT-2019]

- (a) Education Regulation 1991 does not prescribe the minimum qualification for registration as pharmacist
- (b) Section 12 of the Act deals with approval of course of study under Chapter II thereof
- (c) Section 12 of the Act deals with approval of course of study and examination under Chapter II thereof
- (d) State Government is authorized to make any rules with respect to course of study



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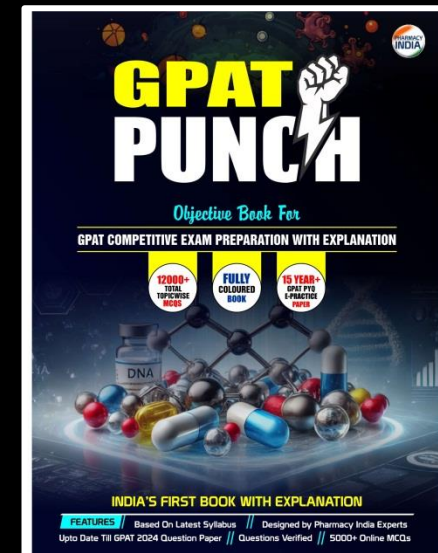
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03.

Choose the correct statement with respect to the Pharmacy Act, 1948: [GPAT-2019]

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- (c) Section 12 of the Act deals with approval of course of study and examination under Chapter II thereof**
- (d) State Government is authorized to make any rules with respect to course of study



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Pharmacy Act, 1948

Section 12

Approval of course of study
and examination

Chapter

II

✓ APPROVED



Signature



COURSE OF
STUDY



EXAMINATION

APPROVAL
by
Central Council
(PCI)

1

Section 12
covers **BOTH**:



course of study



examination

2



Approval is granted
by the
**Central Council
(PCI)**

3



Maintains
**uniform pharmacy
education
standards**

4

Important exam point:
Section 12 is
more complete
than 'course of study'
alone





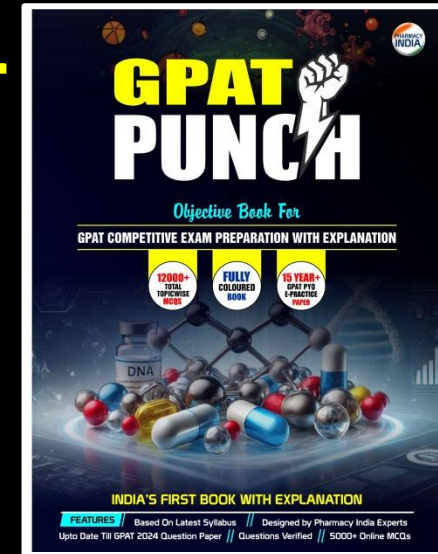
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04.

Which one of the following is NOT an ex-officio member of Pharmacy Council of India? [GPAT-2010]

- (a) The Director General of Health Services
- (b) The Director of Central Drugs Laboratory
- (c) The Drugs Controller General of India
- (d) The Director of Pharmacopoeia Laboratory



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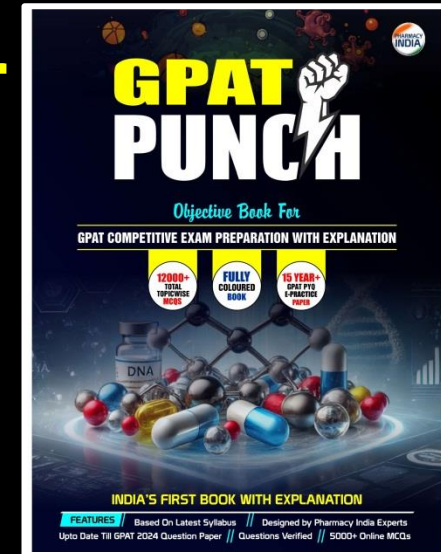
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PCI Ex-officio Members



Under the Pharmacy Act, the **ex-officio members** are **central officials** who are members **by virtue** of their office.



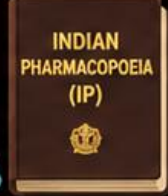
1. **Director General of Health Services (DGHS)**



2. **Drugs Controller of India / DCGI**



3. **Director, Central Drugs Laboratory (CDL)**



Director of **Pharmacopoeia Laboratory** is **NOT** an ex-officio member of PCI.



Remember: PCI ex-officio list = **3 officials** only.





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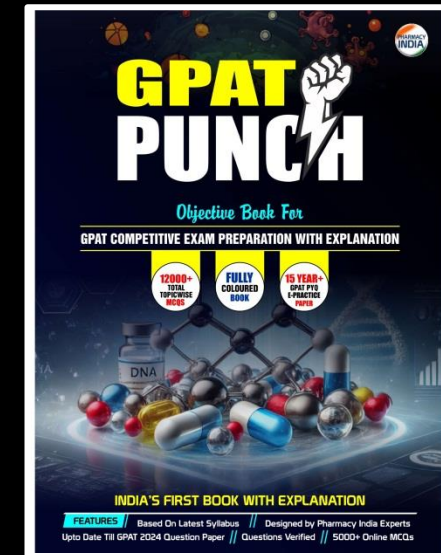
05. One of the ex-officio members of the Pharmacy Council of India is: [GATE-2003]

(a) Director General of Health Services

(b) Government Analyst

(c) Registrar of the State Pharmacy Council

(d) Director General of Veterinary Research Institute



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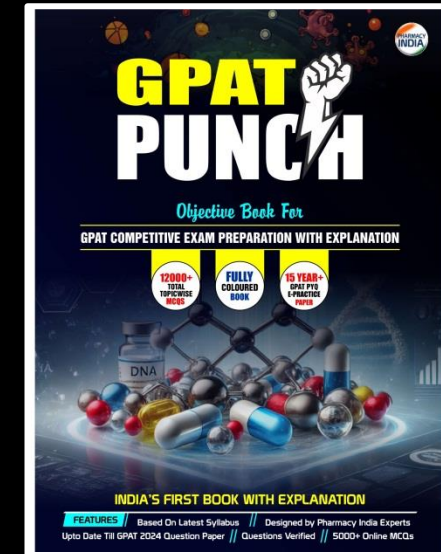
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(b) Government Analyst

(c) Registrar of the State Pharmacy Council

(d) Director General of Veterinary Research Institute



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Pharmacy Council of India



Ex-officio member



Director General of Health Services (DGHS)
is an **ex-officio** member of PCI.



Ex-officio = member by virtue
of **official post**.



CONTRAST NOTE



Government Analyst
belongs to **State Council**
context, **not PCI**.



PCI



1. DGHS

Director General of
Health Services

✓ EX-OFFICIO MEMBER



2. Drugs

Controller of India



3. Director,

Central Drugs
Laboratory



Remember: PCI has **designated central ex-officio** posts.





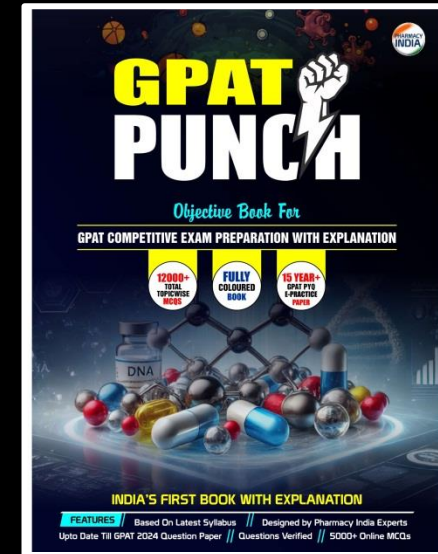
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06.

Which one of the following is an ex-officio member of the State Pharmacy Council? [GATE-1999]

- (a) Chief Pharmacist of Government hospital
- (b) Chief Administrative Medical Officer of the State
- (c) Registered Pharmacist
- (d) Assistant Drug Controller



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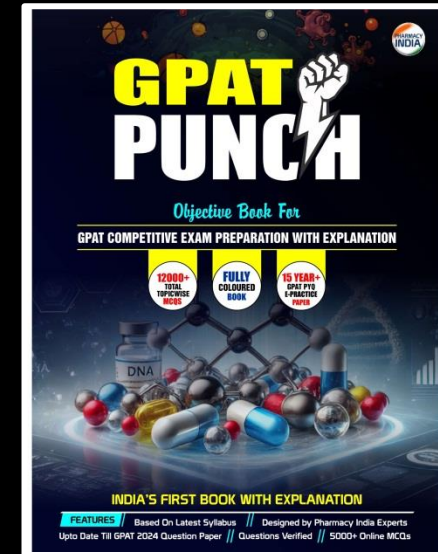
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- (b) Chief Administrative Medical Officer of the State**
- (c) Registered Pharmacist
- (d) Assistant Drug Controller



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STATE PHARMACY COUNCIL

Ex-officio Members



★ **Ex-officio** = member by virtue of **official position**



**Chief
Administrative
Medical Officer
of the State**



**Officer-in-charge
of State
Drugs Control
Organization**



These are
official members
the
State Pharmacy Council



**Government
Analyst**



Important point:
CAMO of the State
is one of the
ex-officio members



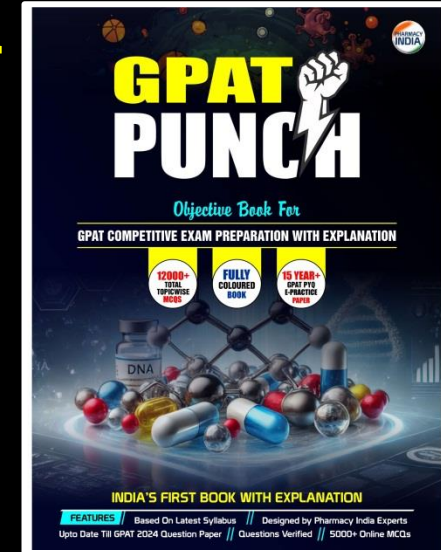


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07.

Pharmacy Council should have the following number of elected members: [GATE-2001]

- (a) Six
- (b) Nine
- (c) Five
- (d) Seven



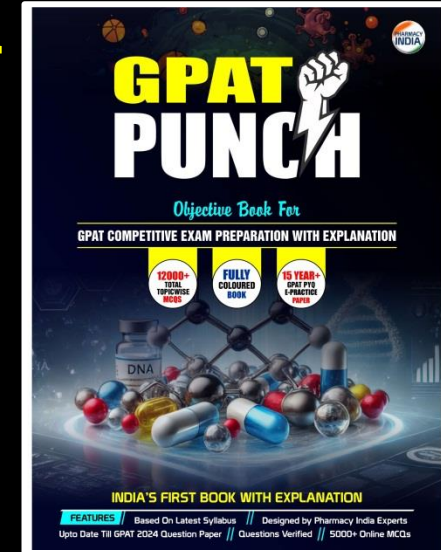
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STATE PHARMACY COUNCIL



MEMORY TIP:



STATE COUNCIL



SIX

**ELECTED
PHARMACISTS**



EXAM FOCUS



HIGH-YIELD



EASY TO REMEMBER



SMART REVISION



SCORE MORE

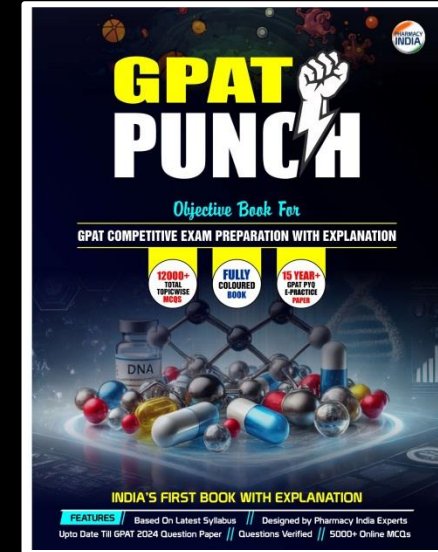


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08. **The Pharmacy Council of India is constituted by the:**
[GATE-1992]

- (a) Central Government
- (b) State Government
- (c) Parliament
- (d) Legislative Assembly



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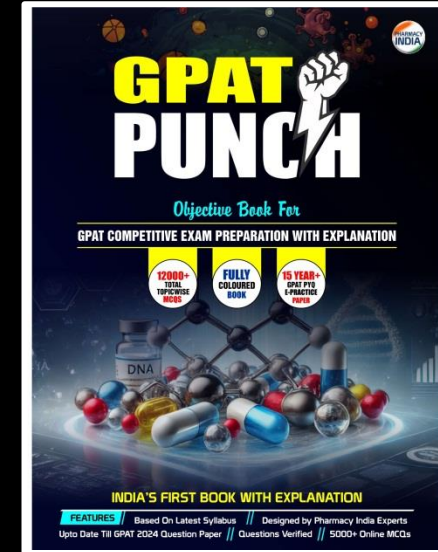


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- (b) State Government
- (c) Parliament
- (d) Legislative Assembly



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PHARMACY COUNCIL OF INDIA (PCI)



PCI is **constituted by** the **Central Government** under the **Pharmacy Act**.



CENTRAL GOVERNMENT



PHARMACY COUNCIL OF INDIA



★ ROLE HIGHLIGHTS ★

-  Set standards for education
-  Approve courses & institutions
-  Inspect & ensure quality
-  Discipline the profession



1 It is the **Central Council** for pharmacy in India.



2 It works at the **national level**.



3 It **regulates** pharmacy education and the profession.



4 Important for **GPAT / GATE / Pharmacist** exams.



Remember:

Central Council → **Central Government**

★ WHAT IT ENSURES ★



Quality Education



Safe & Effective Practice



Public Health



Professional Excellence

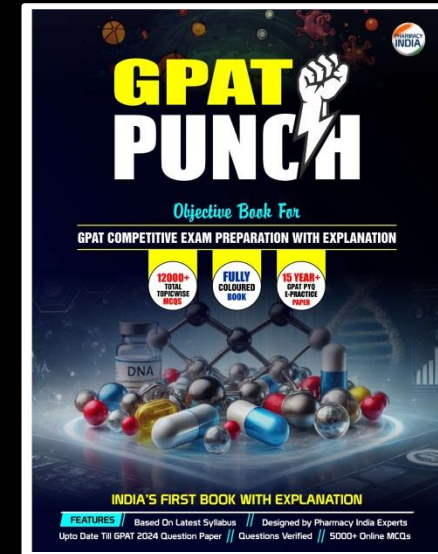


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09. For registration of pharmacists in various States, the Pharmacy Act provides for the constitution of: **[GATE-1990]**

- (a) Registration Tribunals
- (b) Registrar of Co-operative Societies
- (c) Registrar of State Pharmacy Council
- (d) Registrar of Central Pharmacy Council



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09.

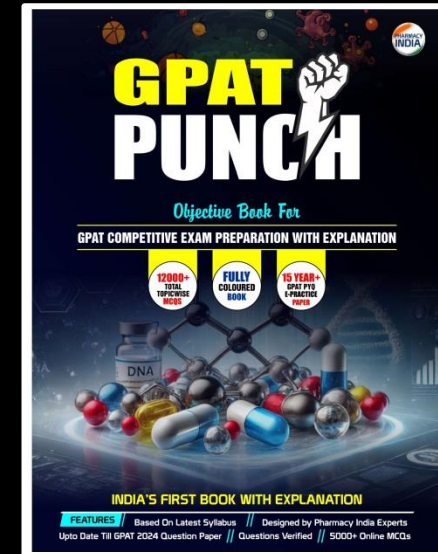
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(c) Registrar of State Pharmacy Council

(d) Registrar of Central Pharmacy Council



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Registration of Pharmacists in States

★ *First Register under Pharmacy Act* ★

-  **State Government** constitutes a **Registration Tribunal**
-  **Purpose:** preparation of the **first register**
-  Tribunal **examines applications**
-  **Eligible applicants** are directed to be entered in the **register**
-  Used for pharmacist registration at **State level**





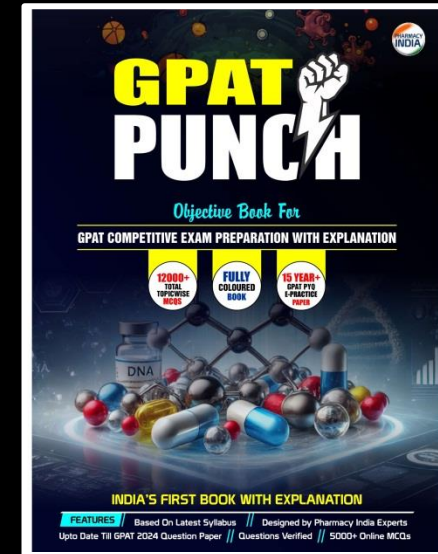
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10.

Which body is empowered to make Education Regulations prescribing minimum standards of education required for qualification as a pharmacist?

- (a) Pharmacy Council of India, subject to the approval of Central Government
- (b) State Pharmacy Council, subject to approval of State Government
- (c) University Grants Commission, subject to approval of Central Government
- (d) All India Council for Technical Education, subject to approval of Central Government



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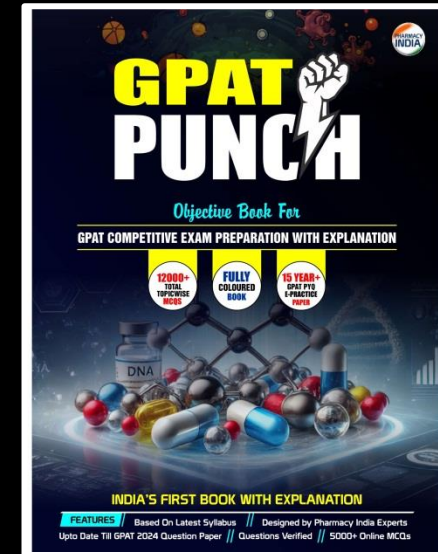
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- (d) All India Council for Technical Education, subject to approval of Central Government



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EDUCATION REGULATIONS



Education Regulations are made by the Pharmacy Council of India (PCI).



They require approval of the Central Government.



These regulations prescribe the minimum standard of education.



They define the qualification required to become a pharmacist.



Pharmacy Council of India (PCI)



Central Government Approval



Education Regulations



Minimum Education Standards



Pharmacist Qualification



Pharmacy Act, 1948



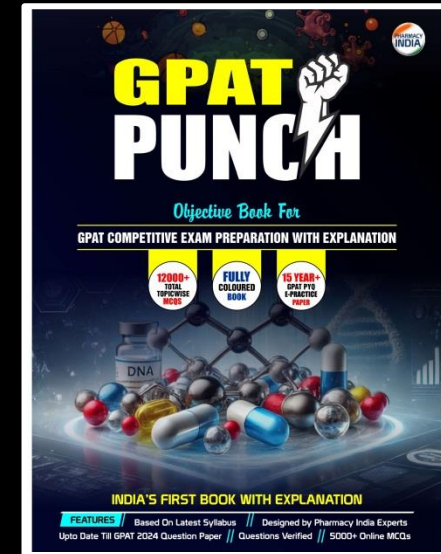


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11.

The number of hours of practical training for a registered pharmacist is:

- (a) Not less than 750 hours
- (b) Not less than 500 hours
- (c) Not less than 250 hours
- (d) Not less than 300 hours



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11.

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- (a) Not less than 750 hours
- (b) Not less than 500 hours
- (c) Not less than 250 hours
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Practical Training



PHARMACY



MINIMUM
500
HOURS



1 REQUIRED BEFORE
REGISTRATION AS
A **PHARMACIST**

2 GIVES HANDS-ON
PRACTICAL
EXPOSURE

3 TRAINING IN **REAL**
PHARMACY /
HOSPITAL SETUP

4 HIGH-YIELD POINT
FOR **JURISPRUDENCE**
EXAMS

TRAINING

Learn • Observe • Assist

PRACTICAL EXPOSURE

Apply • Practice • Gain Skills

REGISTRATION

Qualified • Eligible • Registered

★ **REMEMBER** ★
500 HOURS
OF PRACTICAL
TRAINING =
**PROFESSIONAL
EXCELLENCE**



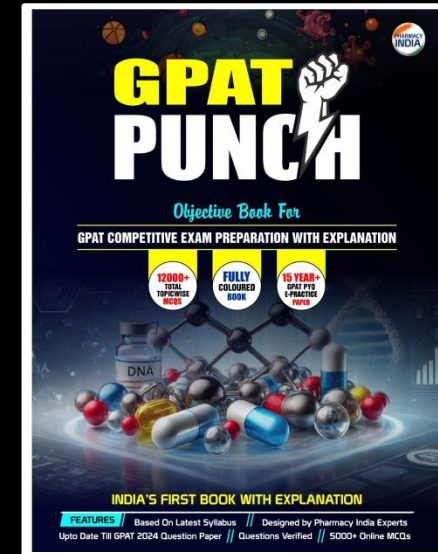
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12.

Nominated or elected members in the State Pharmacy Council hold office for a term of:

- (a) Three years
- (b) Four years
- (c) Five years
- (d) Six years



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Nominated or elected members in the State Pharmacy Council hold office for a term of:

- (a) Three years
- (b) Four years
- (c) Five years
- (d) Six years



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STATE PHARMACY COUNCIL

Term of Office



Nominated /
Elected Member
= **5 Years**



Office **continues**
till successor is duly
nominated or **elected**



High-yield
Pharmacy Act point



Remember: **SPC Member Term**
= **5 Years**



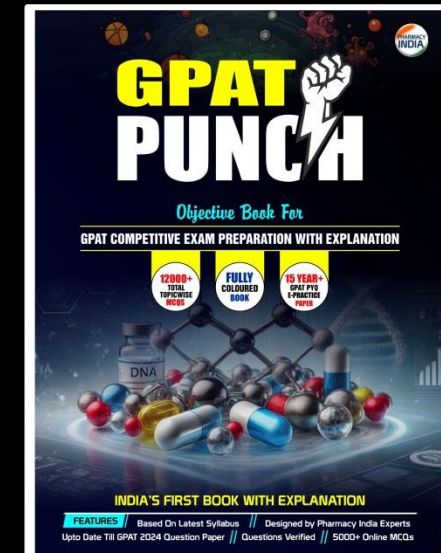


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13.

The penalty prescribed for falsely claiming to be a registered pharmacist on first conviction is:

- (a) Fine up to ₹1,500
- (b) Fine up to ₹500
- (c) Fine up to ₹1,000
- (d) Imprisonment up to 6 months



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13.

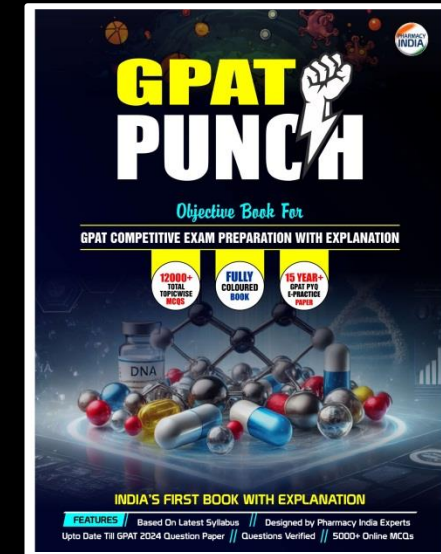
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(b) Fine up to ₹500

(c) Fine up to ₹1,000

(d) Imprisonment up to 6 months



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False Claiming to be a Registered Pharmacist



If a person falsely claims to be a **registered pharmacist**, **penalties** are prescribed.



FIRST CONVICTION

→ Fine up to

₹500



Imprisonment
up to
6 months

OR



Fine up to
₹1,000

or both



The law aims to **protect public** by ensuring that only **qualified and registered** person practice pharmacy.





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14.

Which of the following statements are true regarding the Pharmacy Act?

[P] This Act is divided into 5 chapters and 46 sections

[Q] Its major amendment was 1975 and minor amendment was 1959

[R] It extends to the whole of India

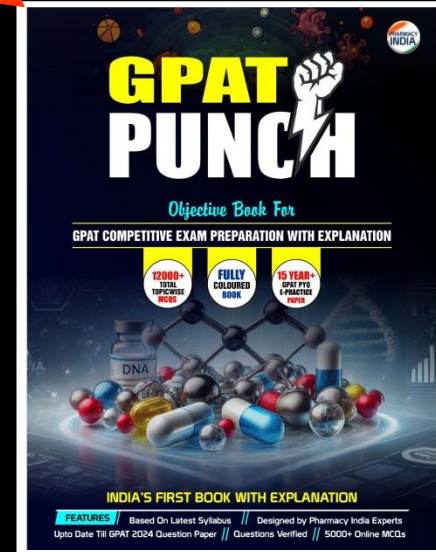
[S] It came into force in 1948

(a) P, Q, R are true and S is false

(b) P, R, S are true and Q is false

(c) P, Q, S are true and R is false

(d) All are true



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[P] This Act is divided into 5 chapters and 46 sections

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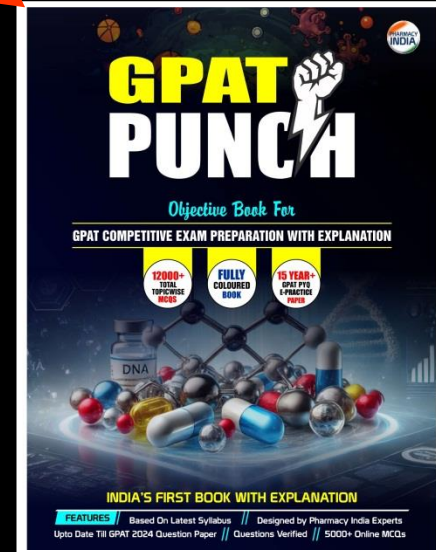
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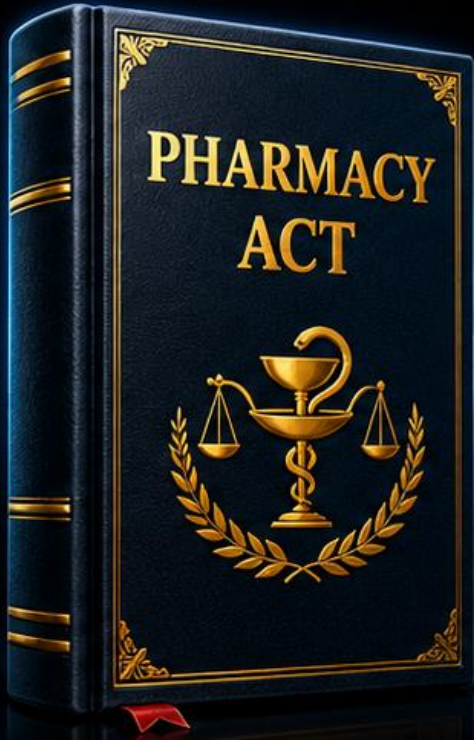
(b) P, R, S are true and Q is false

(d) All are true



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PHARMACY ACT – IMPORTANT FACTS



- 1 **5** Chapters • **46** Sections 
- 2 Extends to the whole of **India** 
- 3 Came into force in **1948** 
- 4 Important correction: **1975** is **incorrect** 
- 5 Major amendment: **1976** 
- 6 So **P, R** and **S** are **true** 
- 7 **Q** becomes **false** because the major amendment year is **wrong** 



EXAM QUICK VIEW



Structure: **5** chapters, **46** sections



Coverage: Whole India



Key trap: **1975** **✗** | **1976** **✓**

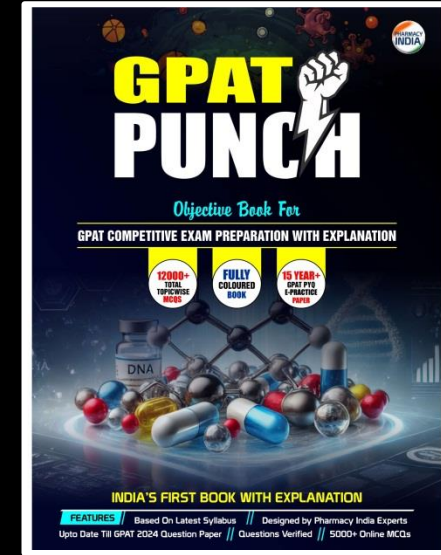


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15. Pharmacy Bill was introduced by the Government of India in:

- (a) 1940
- (b) 1927
- (c) 1947
- (d) 1847



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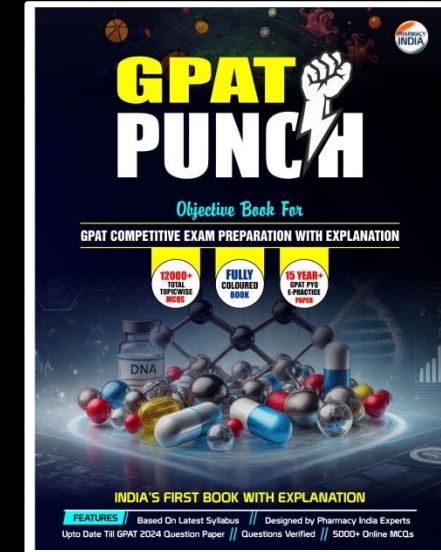
15. Pharmacy Bill was introduced by the Government of India in:

(a) 1940

(b) 1927

(c) 1947

(d) 1847



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Pharmacy Bill



Historical Fact

1947



Bill introduced

1
YEAR
GAP

1948



Pharmacy Act
enacted

1



Introduced by
Government of India
in **1947**

2



Later enacted as
the **Pharmacy Act, 1948**

3



Important memory link:
1947 → **Bill**,
1948 → **Act**



Ensures regulation of
pharmacy education,
practice & registration



**REMEMBER: BILL FIRST,
ACT NEXT YEAR!**



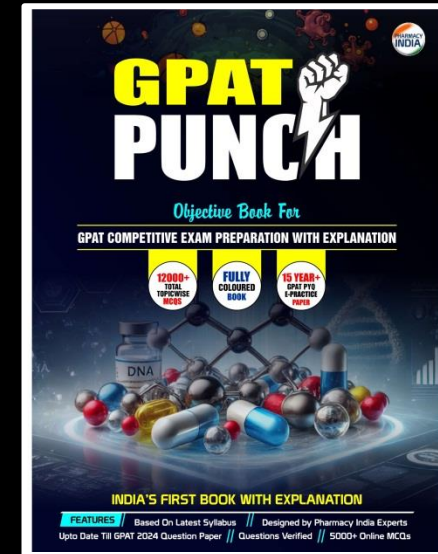


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16.

Joint State Pharmacy Council is constituted under which section of the Pharmacy Act?

- (a) Section 19
- (b) Section 20
- (c) Section 12
- (d) Section 21



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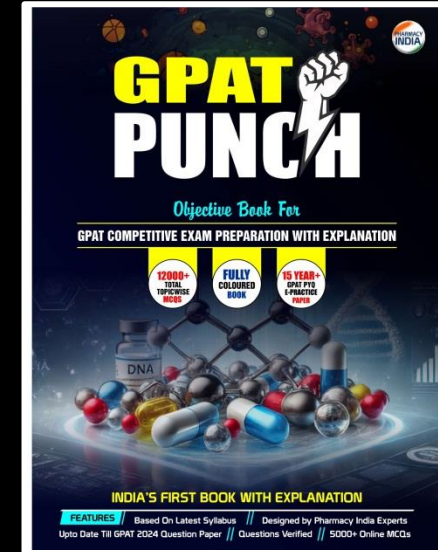
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(a) Section 19

(b) Section 20

(c) Section 12

(d) Section 21



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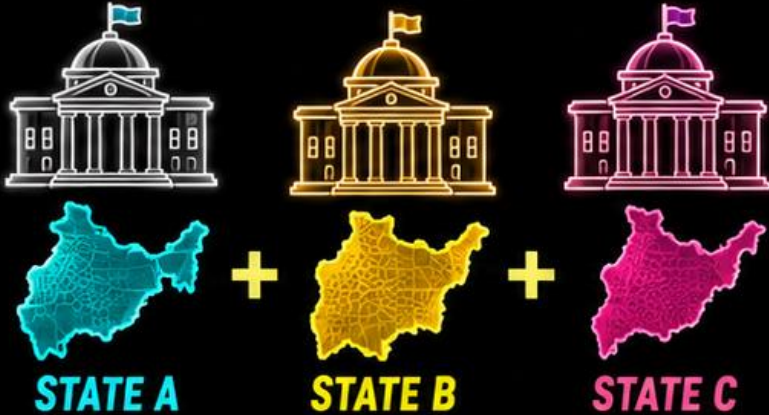
JOINT STATE PHARMACY COUNCIL



Constituted under **SECTION 20**



- 1 **SECTION 20 = INTER-STATE AGREEMENTS**
- 2 **2 OR MORE STATE GOVERNMENTS** CAN MAKE AN AGREEMENT
- 3 **AGREEMENT** ENABLES FORMATION OF A **JOINT STATE COUNCIL**



2 OR MORE STATE GOVERNMENTS



INTER-STATE AGREEMENT



REMEMBER: SECTION 20 → STATES JOIN TOGETHER





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17.

Pharmacy Council of India comprises how many members from AICTE and UGC together?

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) 4



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17.

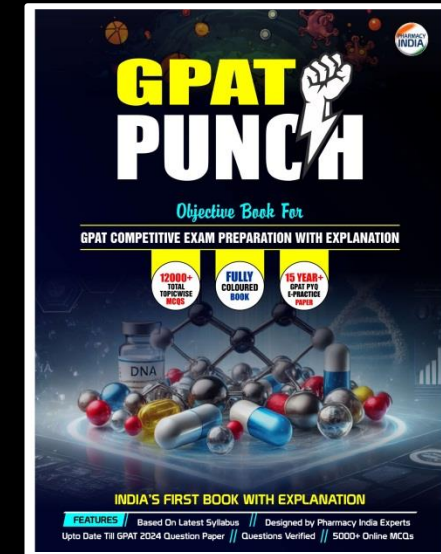
Pharmacy Council of India comprises how many members from AICTE and UGC together?

(a) 1

(b) 2

(c) 3

(d) 4



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Pharmacy Council of India



• **UGC + AICTE** representation •



Together = **2 members**



..... 1 from **UGC** + 1 from **AICTE**





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18.

The order of the Executive Committee directing removal of a name from the register should be confirmed by:

- (a) State Government
- (b) State Pharmacy Council
- (c) Central Pharmacy Council
- (d) Central Government



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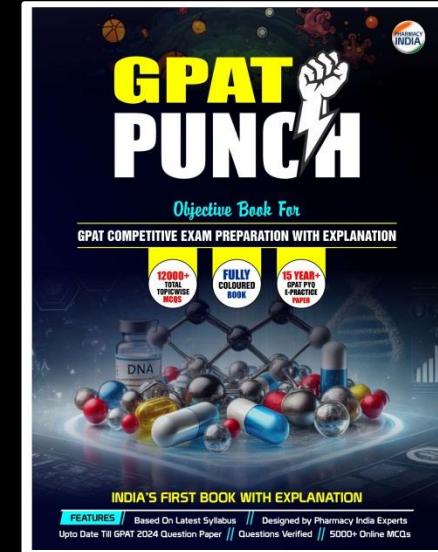


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- (c) Central Pharmacy Council
- (d) Central Government



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REMOVAL ORDER CONFIRMATION



EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE



REMOVAL ORDER



STATE PHARMACY COUNCIL



EFFECTIVE ORDER



May direct **REMOVAL** of a name from the **register**.



Order is **NOT** final immediately.



Order becomes **EFFECTIVE** only after **CONFIRMATION** by the **State Pharmacy Council**.



Removal order **takes effect** only after **confirmation**.



AGGRIEVED PERSON



APPEAL



STATE GOVERNMENT



Appeal can be filed to the **State Government** **WITHIN PRESCRIBED TIME**.



19. The functions of State Pharmacy Council include:

- [P] Maintenance of registers of pharmacists**
- [Q] Entry and removal of names**
- [R] Recognition of foreign qualification**
- [S] Withdrawal of approvals from institution**

- (a) P, Q**
- (b) Q, R**
- (c) R, S**
- (d) Q, S**



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19. The functions of State Pharmacy Council include:

- [P] Maintenance of registers of pharmacists
- [Q] Entry and removal of names
- [R] Recognition of foreign qualification
- [S] Withdrawal of approvals from institution

(a) P, Q

(b) Q, R

(c) R, S

(d) Q, S



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★ Functions of State Pharmacy Council ★



State Council – Key Functions



Maintenance of registers of pharmacists

Keeps official record of all registered pharmacists.



Entry and removal of names

Handles registration, corrections and removal from the register.



State Council ensures proper registration and updation of pharmacists' records.



Not a State Function (Central Council)



Recognition of foreign qualification

Evaluated and decided by the Central Council.



Withdrawal of approvals from institution

Power to withdraw approval rests with the Central Council.



State Council → Register maintenance + Entry & removal

Central Council → Foreign qualification recognition + Withdrawal of approvals





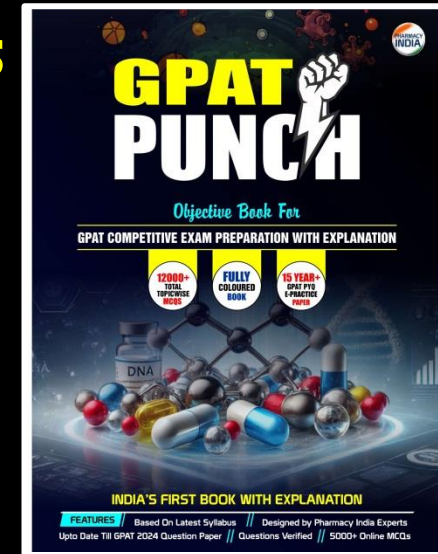
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20.

Every year, the register of the State Pharmacy Council is required to be printed after:

- (a) 1st March
- (b) 1st April
- (c) 1st January
- (d) 1st June



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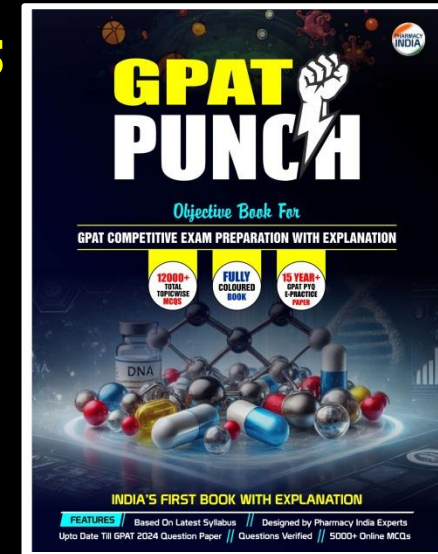
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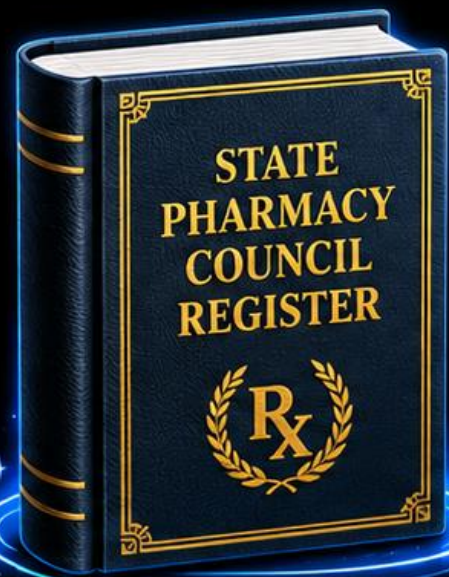
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- (a) 1st March
- (b) 1st April
- (c) 1st January
- (d) 1st June



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STATE PHARMACY COUNCIL REGISTER



USEFUL FOR
PUBLIC & OFFICIAL RECORD

PRINTED EVERY YEAR
AFTER



ANNUAL
SUPPLEMENT IS
ALSO PUBLISHED



KEEPS THE
REGISTER
UPDATED



MEMORY TIP: **APRIL 1** = **ANNUAL** PRINTING

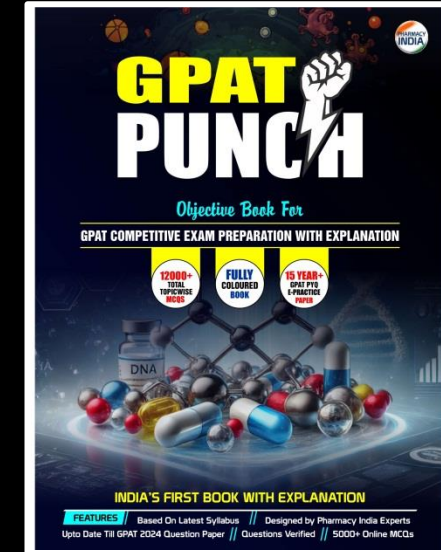




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21. **The Central Register of Pharmacists is maintained by:**
- (a) State Government
 - (b) Pharmacy Council of India
 - (c) State Pharmacy Council
 - (d) Drug Controller

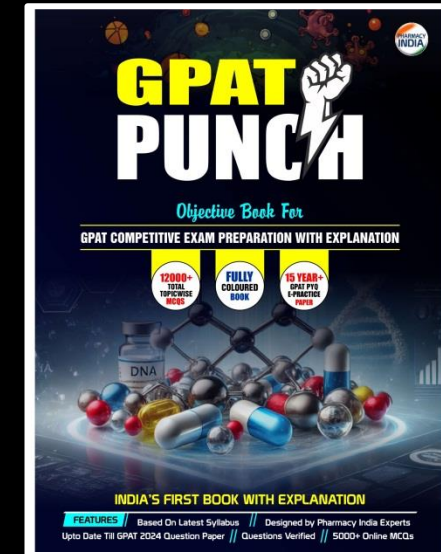


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21. The Central Register of Pharmacists is maintained by:
- (a) State Government
 - (b) Pharmacy Council of India
 - (c) State Pharmacy Council
 - (d) Drug Controller



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Central Register of Pharmacists

-  Maintained by the **Central Council**
-  Central Council = **Pharmacy Council of India (PCI)**
-  Includes names from **State Registers**
-  National record of **registered pharmacists**



STATE REGISTER 1



STATE REGISTER 2



STATE REGISTER 3



STATE REGISTER n





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22.

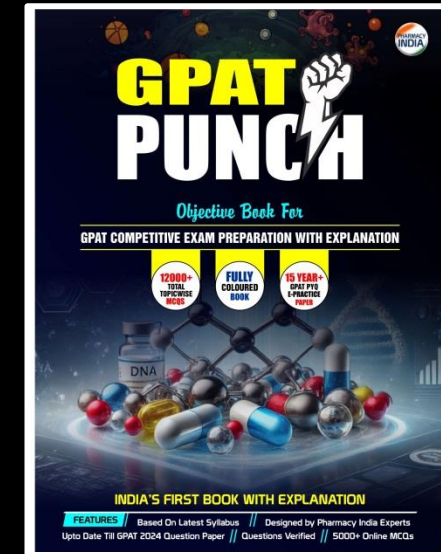
In which year was the Pharmacy Act passed?

(a) 1940

(b) 1948

(c) 1949

(d) 1950



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22.

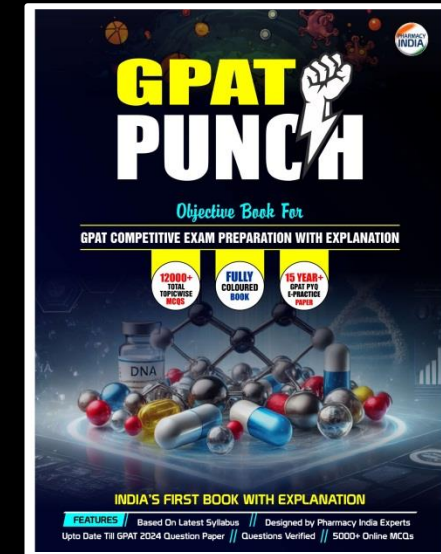
In which year was the Pharmacy Act passed?

(a) 1940

(b) 1948

(c) 1949

(d) 1950



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Pharmacy Act, 1948



Enacted in **1948**



Regulates the **profession** of **pharmacy** in **India**



Protects **public health** ensures **safe & ethical** pharmacy practice



*Remember: Act passed in **1948***



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23.

The Pharmacy Council of India is also known as:

- (a) Central Council
- (b) State Council
- (c) Joint Council
- (d) Registration Council



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23.

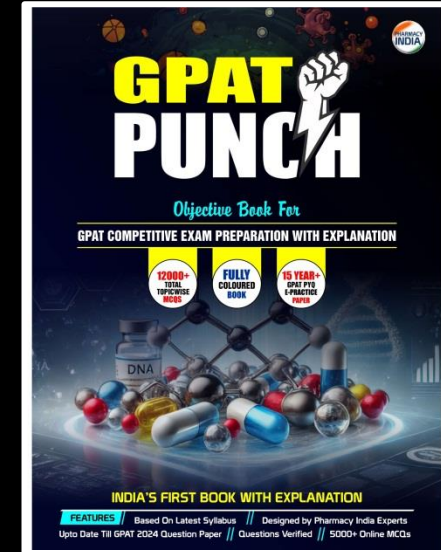
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(b) State Council

(c) Joint Council

(d) Registration Council



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PHARMACY COUNCIL OF INDIA



Also known as: **CENTRAL COUNCIL**



1. PCI is the **national statutory body**



NATIONAL
STATUTORY BODY



2. Referred to as the **Central Council** under the **Pharmacy Act**



ESTABLISHED UNDER
THE PHARMACY ACT



3. Regulates **pharmacy education** in India



FOCUS:
PHARMACY
EDUCATION



4. Helps maintain **professional standards** in pharmacy



ENSURES QUALITY
& **PROFESSIONAL**
STANDARDS



NATIONAL
BODY



EDUCATION



REGULATION



STANDARDS



QUALITY
PHARMACY



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24.

Which chapter of the Pharmacy Act, 1948 includes provisions for the State Pharmacy Council?

- (a) Chapter II
- (b) Chapter III
- (c) Chapter IV
- (d) Chapter V



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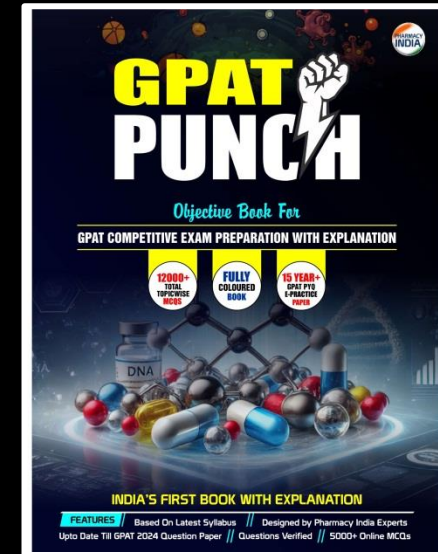
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Which chapter of the Pharmacy Act, 1948 includes provisions for the State Pharmacy Council?

- (a) Chapter II
- (b) Chapter III
- (c) Chapter IV
- (d) Chapter V



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STATE PHARMACY COUNCIL

Covered under **Chapter III**

• — Pharmacy Act, 1948 — •



1



Chapter III contains **provisions** for **State Pharmacy Councils**.

2



Includes **constitution** and **composition** of the Council.

3



Also covers **inter-state agreements** and **functioning**.



Remember: **State Council** = **Chapter III** ★



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25.

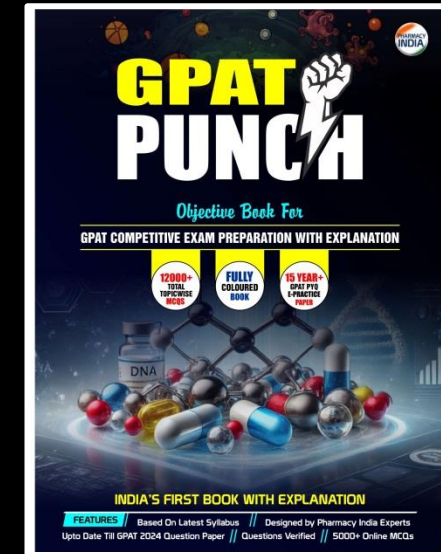
When was the first Pharmacy Council of India constituted?

(a) 1948

(b) 1949

(c) 1950

(d) 1952



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25.

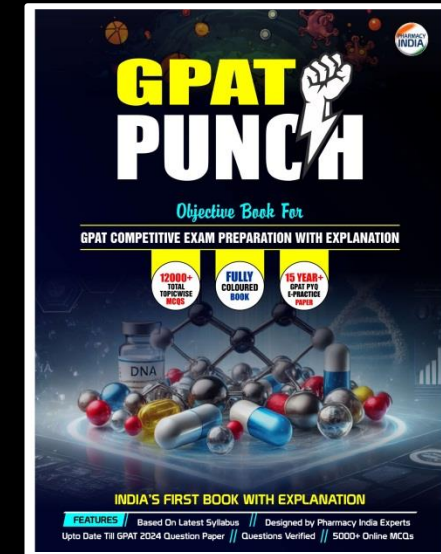
When was the first Pharmacy Council of India constituted?

(a) 1948

(b) 1949

(c) 1950

(d) 1952



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FIRST PHARMACY COUNCIL OF INDIA



✓ **Pharmacy Act**
passed in **1948**

CONSTITUTED IN
1949



National body
for pharmacy
education and
profession



PCI was formed
to implement
educational and
professional
standards



1948



PHARMACY ACT

1949



FIRST PCI



1948 = Act | **1949** = First PCI





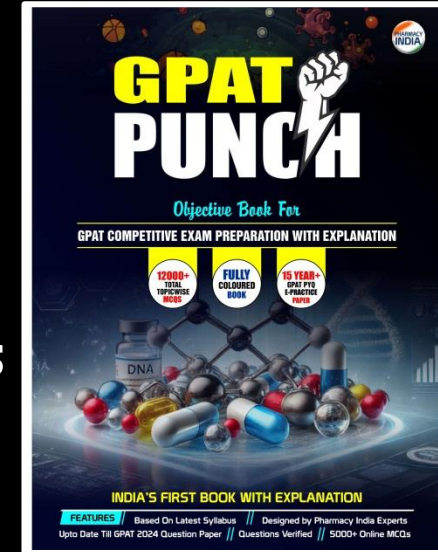
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26.

According to the Pharmacy Act, 1948, the definition of “medical practitioner” includes a person:

- (a) Registered under the Dentists Act, 1948**
- (b) Engaged in veterinary medicine with approved qualifications**
- (c) Holding a qualification under the Indian Medical Degrees Act, 1916**
- (d) All of the above**



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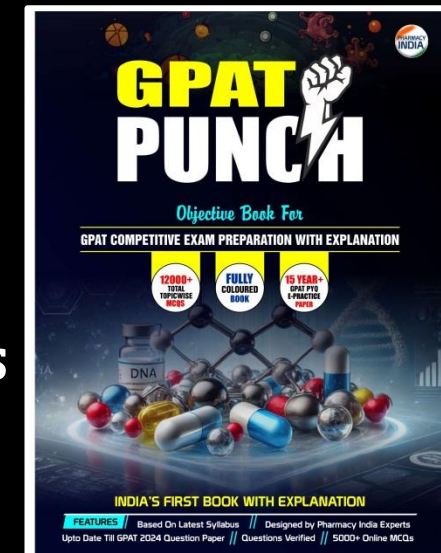
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- (d) All of the above**



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Medical Practitioner



Broad definition under Pharmacy Act, 1948



1



Includes legally
recognized health professionals



2



Covers medical
qualification holders



3



Also includes
registered dentists



4



Also includes
qualified veterinary practitioners



Meaning is **broad** — **not limited to doctors only**





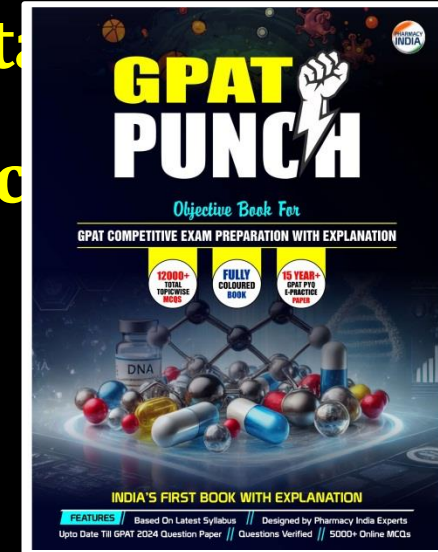
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27.

A person whose name is entered in the register of the State in which they reside or carry on the profession of pharmacist is called:

- (a) Pharmacy Inspector
- (b) Graduate Pharmacist
- (c) Registered Pharmacist
- (d) Clinical Pharmacist



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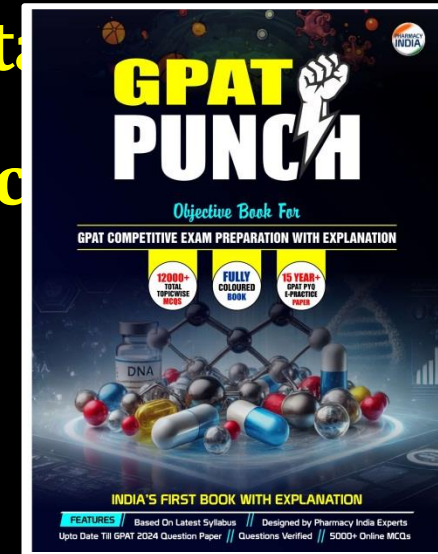
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- (a) Pharmacy Inspector
- (b) Graduate Pharmacist
- (c) Registered Pharmacist
- (d) Clinical Pharmacist



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REGISTERED PHARMACIST



1



Name entered in the
State Register of Pharmacists

2



Registered in the **State**
where the person
resides or practices pharmacy

3



Gets **legal recognition**
under the Pharmacy Act



4



Can practice **the profession**
of pharmacy **lawfully**



Key idea: Entry in **State Register** = **Registered Pharmacist**

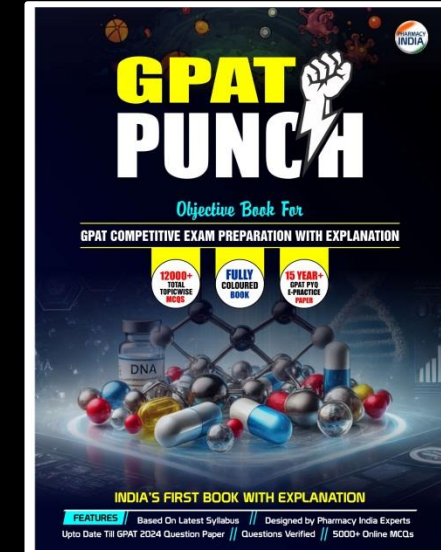


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28. The Central Council is constituted under which section of the Pharmacy Act, 1948?

- (a) Section 3
- (b) Section 10
- (c) Section 12
- (d) Section 16



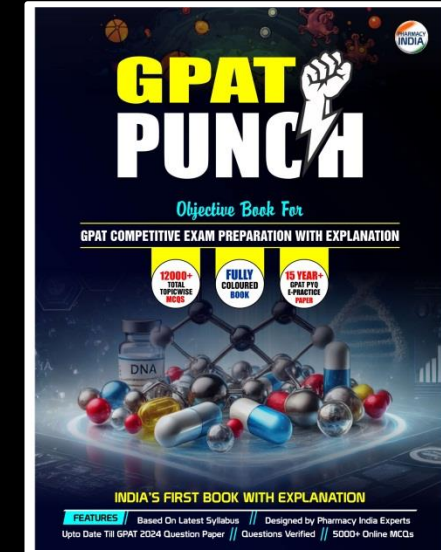
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- (a) Section 3**
- (b) Section 10**
- (c) Section 12**
- (d) Section 16**



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PHARMACY ACT, 1948



SECTION 3



**Constitution and
Composition of the
Central Council**

CENTRAL COUNCIL (PHARMACY COUNCIL OF INDIA)



The Central Council is
the **Pharmacy Council of India**.



KEY POINT

The **Central Council** is constituted under **Section 3**
of the **Pharmacy Act, 1948**.



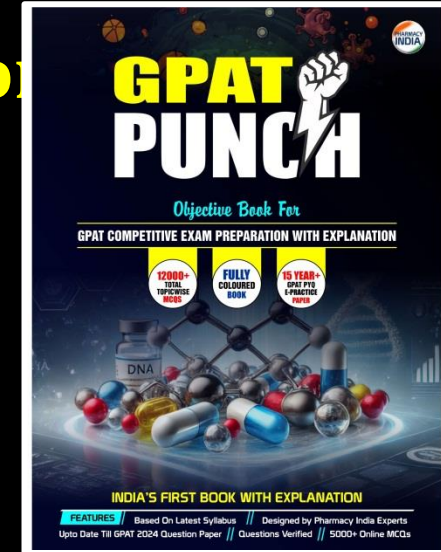
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29.

Education Regulations are prepared under which section of Pharmacy Act, 1948?

- (a) Section 3
- (b) Section 5
- (c) Section 10
- (d) Section 12



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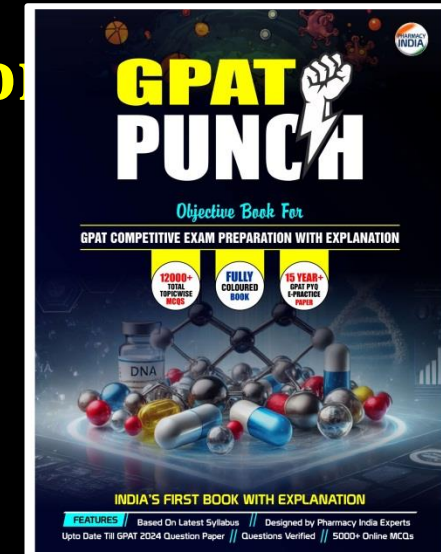
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- (b) Section 5
- (c) Section 10
- (d) Section 12



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Education Regulations – Pharmacy Act, 1948



Section 10 empowers the **Central Council** to make **Education Regulations** with approval of the **Central Government**.



makes



with approval of



These regulations **prescribe minimum standards of education** for **pharmacists**.



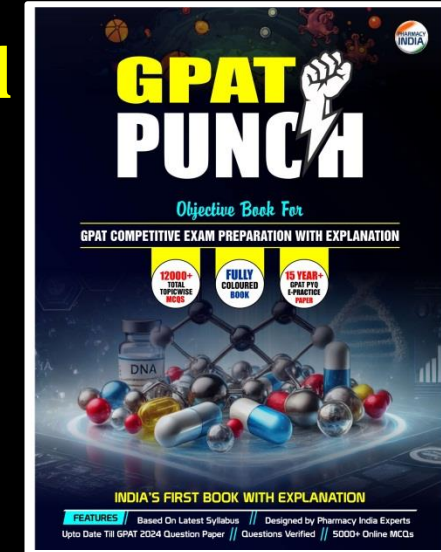
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30.

The President and Vice-President of the Central Council office for a term not exceeding:

- (a) 3 years
- (b) 4 years
- (c) 5 years
- (d) 6 years



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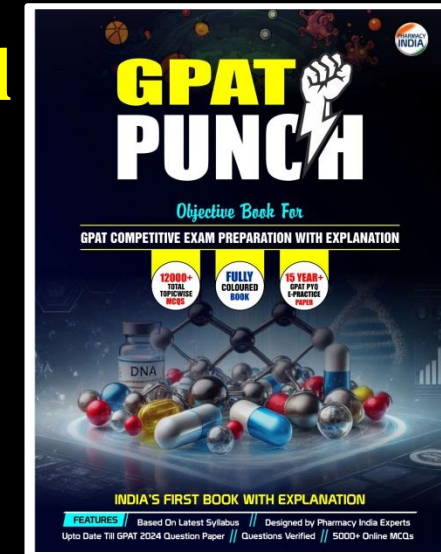
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- (a) 3 years
- (b) 4 years
- (c) 5 years
- (d) 6 years



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★ PRESIDENT & VICE-PRESIDENT OF CENTRAL COUNCIL ★



Hold office for a term
not exceeding

5 YEARS

Key Points

- ✓ Maximum term: **5 years**
- ✓ They cannot hold office beyond their term as **member of the Central Council**

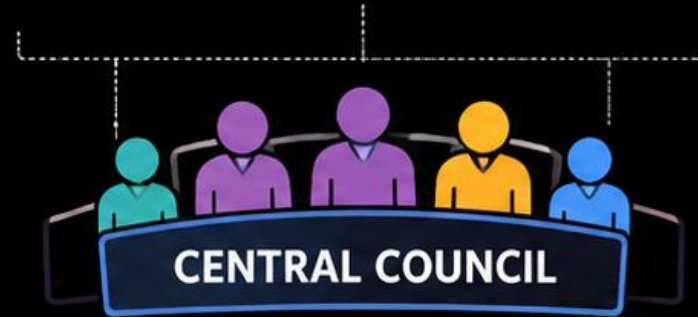


TERM NOT EXCEEDING **5 YEARS**

Start
of Term



End of
5 Years



The term of **President & Vice-President** is limited to a **maximum of 5 years** and cannot extend beyond their **membership** of the **Central Council**.

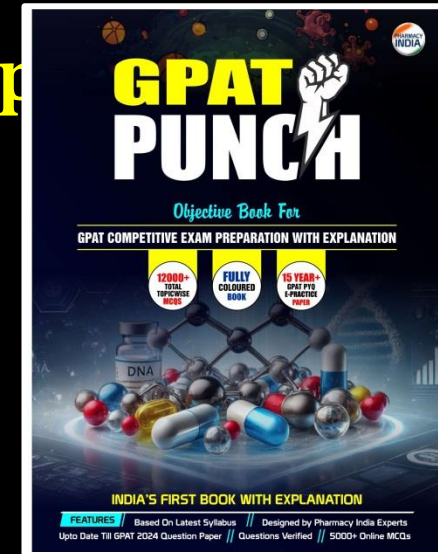


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31.

Which section of the Pharmacy Act, 1948 deals with inspection by the Central Council?

- (a) Section 16
- (b) Section 12
- (c) Section 29
- (d) Section 32



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31.

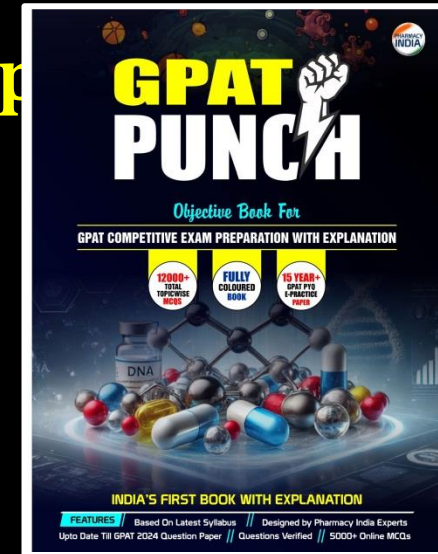
Which section of the Pharmacy Act, 1948 deals with inspection by the Central Council?

(a) Section 16

(b) Section 12

(c) Section 29

(d) Section 32



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PHARMACY ACT, 1948



SECTION 16

Inspection by the
Central Council



Inspectors appointed by the
Executive Committee may
inspect:



Pharmacy
Institutions



Approved
Examinations



PURPOSE

To ensure **compliance** with the
provisions of the **Act** and
Council requirements.



SCOPE OF INSPECTION

- Pharmacy Institutions
- Approved Examinations



KEY POINT

Inspection power is given to the
Central Council through **Section 16**.



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32.

Section 25 of the Pharmacy Act, 1948 deals with:

- (a) Preparation of the register
- (b) Term of office and casual vacancies
- (c) Education Regulations
- (d) Removal from register



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32.

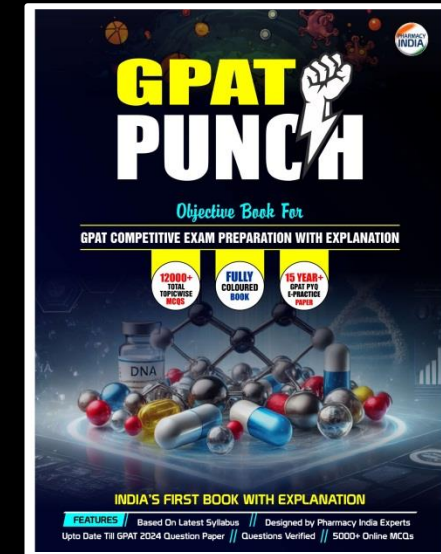
Section 25 of the Pharmacy Act, 1948 deals with:

(a) Preparation of the register

(b) Term of office and casual vacancies

(c) Education Regulations

(d) Removal from register



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Pharmacy Act, 1948

Section 25

Deals with

Term of office and casual vacancies



TERM OF OFFICE

Specifies the **duration** for which **nominated** or **elected members** hold office.



CASUAL VACANCIES

Provides for filling of **vacancies** arising due to **death, resignation, disqualification** or any other reason.



RESIGNATION

Member may **resign** by writing to the authority as prescribed.



VACATION OF SEAT

Seat becomes vacant on **resignation, disqualification, death** or **other reasons** as specified.



Section 25 ensures **continuity** of State Councils by defining **term**, handling **vacancies, resignation** and **vacation of seats**.

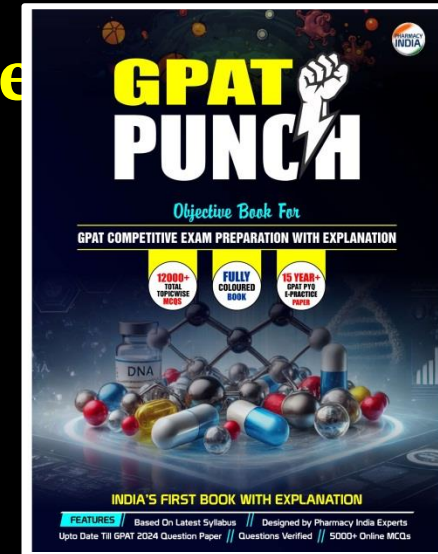


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33.

Which section deals with the President and Vice-President of the Central Council?

- (a) Section 3
- (b) Section 5
- (c) Section 10
- (d) Section 15



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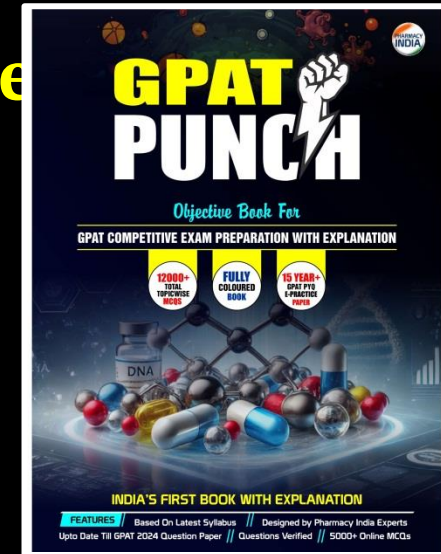
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33.

Which section deals with the President and Vice-President of the Central Council?

- (a) Section 3
- (b) Section 5
- (c) Section 10
- (d) Section 15



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Central Council – Key Provision



Section 5

Deals with the
**President and
Vice-President**
of the Central Council.



President
_____.



Vice-President
_____.



They are **elected**
by the members
of the Council
from among
themselves.



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34.

Section 29 of the Pharmacy Act, 1948 deals with:

- (a) Preparation and maintenance of the register
- (b) Inspection of premises
- (c) Educational standards
- (d) Penalties for offences



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34.

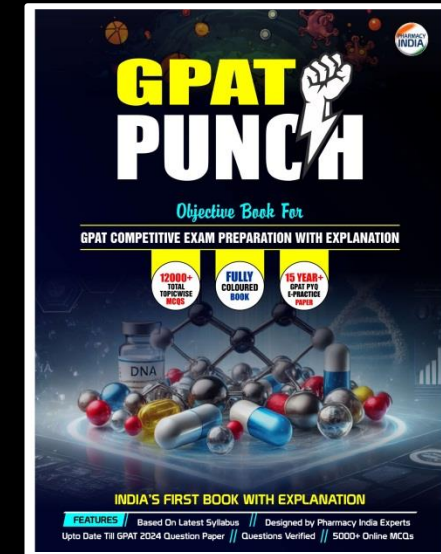
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(a) Preparation and maintenance of the register

(b) Inspection of premises

(c) Educational standards

(d) Penalties for offences



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Section 29 of the Pharmacy Act, 1948

Deals with Preparation and Maintenance of the Register of Pharmacists



KEY POINT

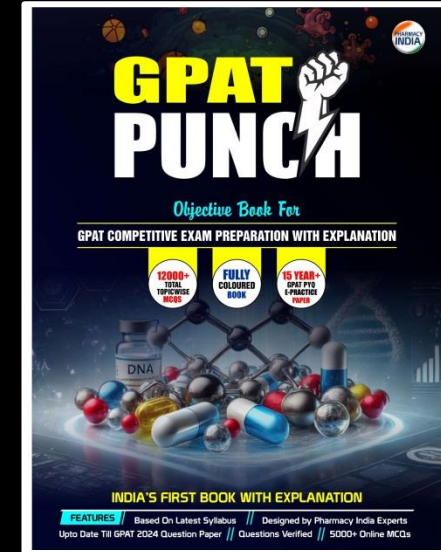
Section 29 ensures that the **register of pharmacists** is **prepared** and **maintained** by the **State Council**.



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35. A nominated or elected member is deemed to have vacated their seat if absent without sufficient excuse from how many consecutive meetings?

- (a) Two
- (b) Three
- (c) Four
- (d) Five



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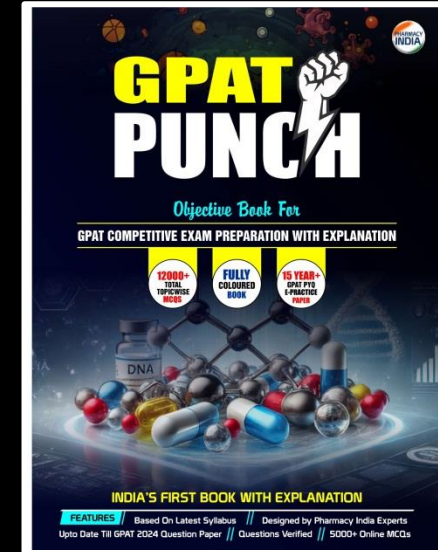
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(a) Two

(b) Three

(c) Four

(d) Five



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•= Absence Rule for Members =•



A nominated or elected member is deemed to have **vacated their seat** if **absent** without sufficient excuse from



THREE CONSECUTIVE MEETINGS



1st Meeting



Absent
(Without sufficient excuse)



2nd Meeting



Absent
(Without sufficient excuse)



3rd Meeting



Absent
(Without sufficient excuse)



DEEMED TO HAVE
VACATED THE SEAT



This rule ensures **active participation** and **smooth functioning** of the Council.





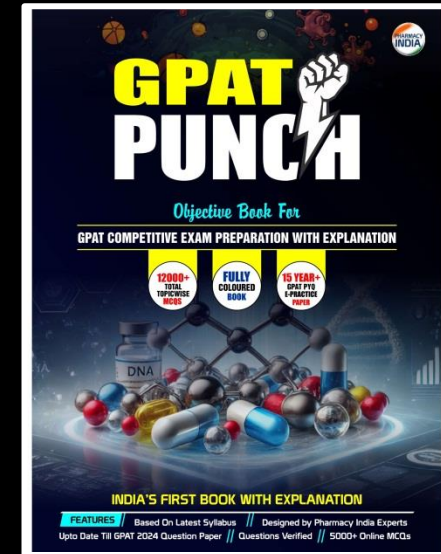
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36.

Who elects the President and Vice-President of the Pharmacy Council of India?

- (a) Central Government
- (b) Members of the Council from among themselves
- (c) Ministry of Health
- (d) University Grants Commission



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36.

Who elects the President and Vice-President of the Pharmacy Council of India?

- (a) Central Government
- (b) Members of the Council from among themselves**
- (c) Ministry of Health
- (d) University Grants Commission



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PHARMACY COUNCIL OF INDIA



• Election of President & Vice-President •



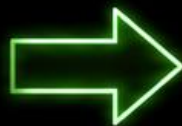
COUNCIL MEETING



President & Vice-President are elected by **Council Members** from among themselves.



COUNCIL MEMBERS



PRESIDENT



+

VICE-PRESIDENT



KEY POINT



Internal election by
Central Council members.



MEMORY TRICK



PCI leadership =
elected by members.



IMPORTANT CONTRAST

Not appointed by
Central Government,
Ministry of Health, or UGC.



EXAM
FOCUS



HIGH YIELD
TOPIC



SCORING
CONCEPT



REMEMBER
EASILY



PHARMACY
CONSTITUTION



STUDY
SMART



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37.

The Executive Committee of PCI includes:

- (a) President and Vice-President
- (b) Five members elected by the Council
- (c) Only ex-officio members
- (d) Both (a) and (b)



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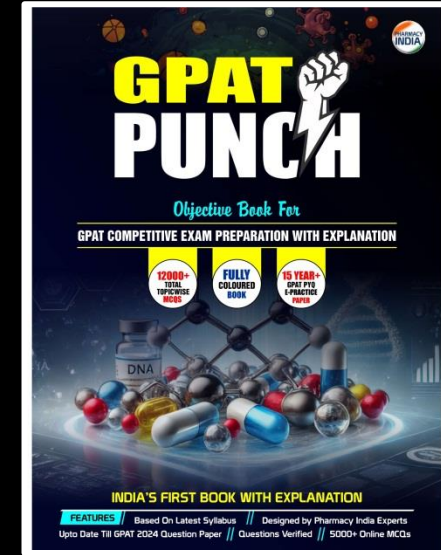
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- (b) Five members elected by the Council
- (c) Only ex-officio members
- (d) Both (a) and (b)



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PCI Executive Committee



1. PRESIDENT
CHAIRMAN



2. VICE-PRESIDENT
EX-OFFICIO
MEMBER



3. 5 MEMBERS
ELECTED BY THE
CENTRAL COUNCIL



4. TOGETHER
THEY FORM THE
**EXECUTIVE
COMMITTEE**



5. EXERCISES POWERS AND DUTIES
PRESCRIBED UNDER THE **PHARMACY ACT**



KEY POINT: EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE = **PRESIDENT** + **VICE-PRESIDENT** + **5 ELECTED MEMBERS**



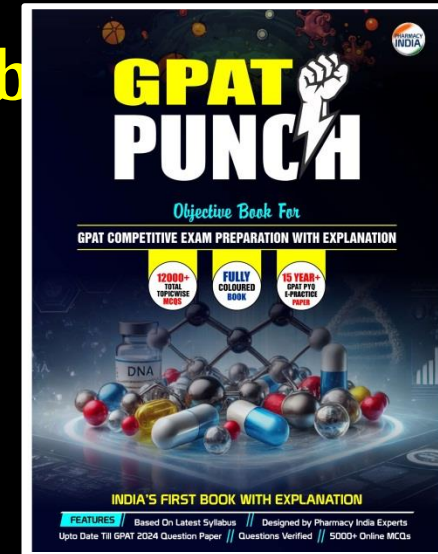
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38.

Which of the following is NOT an eligibility criterion to be registered as a pharmacist?

- (a) Minimum 18 years of age
- (b) Practice in a clinic without a degree
- (c) Passed an approved examination
- (d) Residing or carrying on the profession in the State



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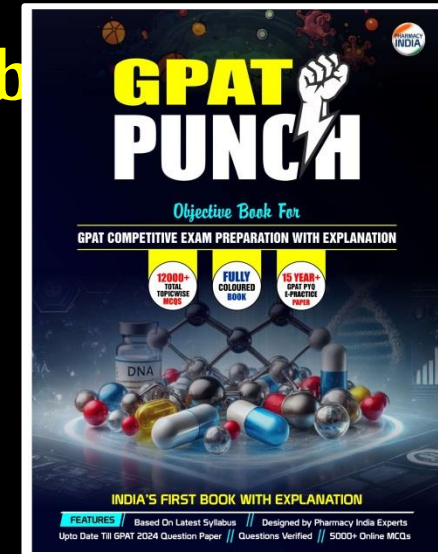
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- (d) Residing or carrying on the profession in the State



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NOT an Eligibility Criterion to be Registered as a Pharmacist

✗ NOT ELIGIBLE

Practice in a clinic without a degree



Merely practicing in a clinic **without proper qualification** is **NOT** a criterion.



ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

18+

Minimum **18 years** of age



Passed an **approved examination**



Residing or carrying on the profession **in the State**



KEY TAKEAWAY: Eligibility requires prescribed qualifications, age and residence/professional conditions — **not** mere practice.





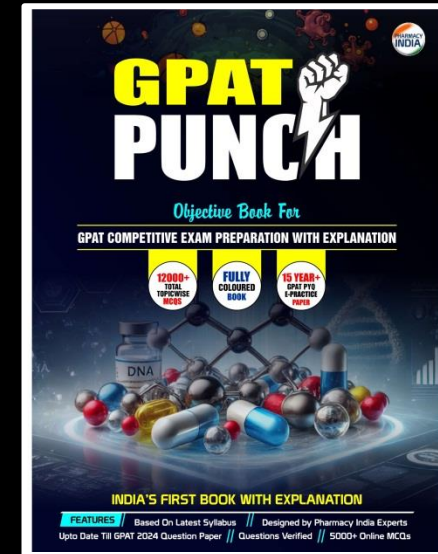
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39.

Every year, State Councils should supply copies of their registers to the Central Council after:

- (a) 1st January
- (b) 1st March
- (c) 1st April
- (d) 31st December



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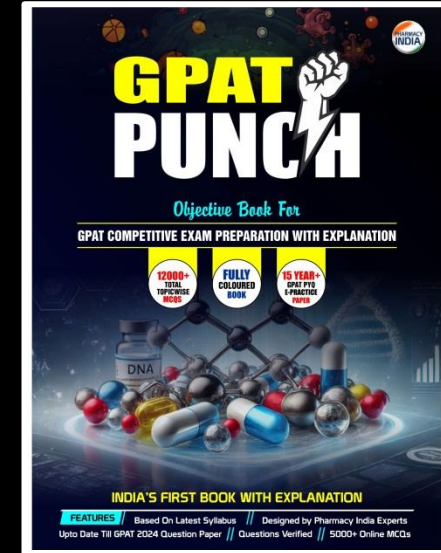


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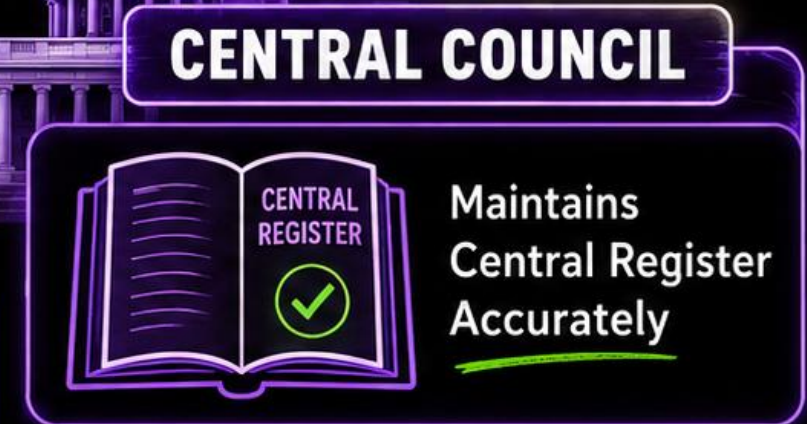
- (a) 1st January
- (b) 1st March
- (c) 1st April
- (d) 31st December



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STATE REGISTER UPDATE

☆ After **1st April** each year ☆



State Council sends **5 copies** of the State Register



Copies are supplied to the **Central Council**



Purpose: maintain the **Central Register** accurately



1 April ke baad → **State Register** to **Central Council** ☆





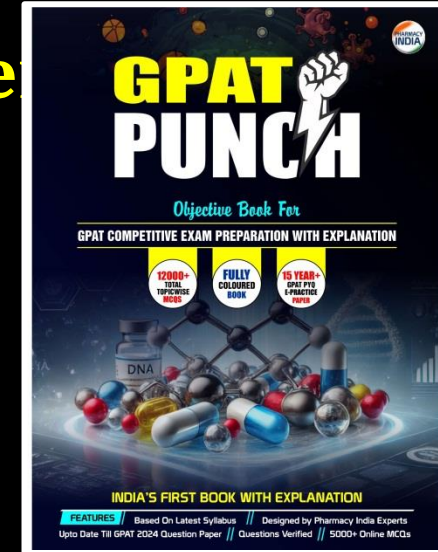
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40.

In a Joint State Pharmacy Council, how many States enter into an agreement?

- (a) Only two
- (b) Two or more
- (c) Minimum three
- (d) All States in a zone



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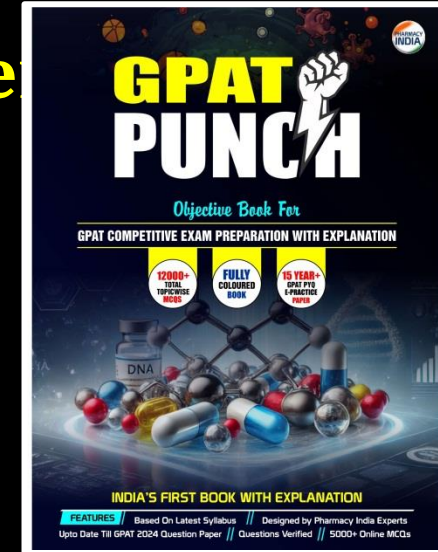
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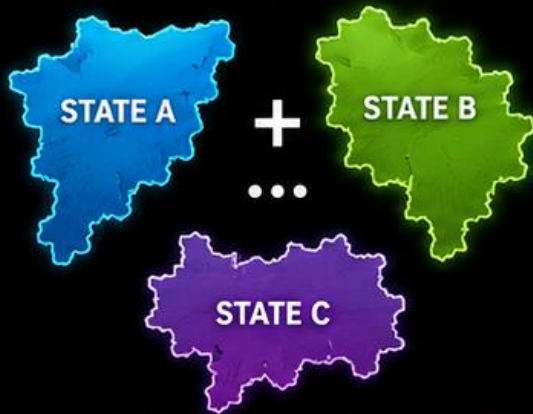
Joint State Pharmacy Council



Formed by agreement of two or more States

1

TWO OR MORE STATES



Two or more State Governments can enter into an agreement

2

AGREEMENT



Through agreement between the State Governments

3

FORMATION



This agreement forms a Joint State Pharmacy Council

4

JOINT STATE COUNCIL



Operates as a Joint State Pharmacy Council



LEGAL BASIS:
SECTION 20,
PHARMACY ACT



KEY IDEA:
NOT ONLY TWO –
TWO OR MORE STATES



PURPOSE:
BETTER COORDINATION,
UNIFORM STANDARDS,
PUBLIC INTEREST



REMEMBER



JOINT COUNCIL =
AGREEMENT BY
2 OR MORE STATES



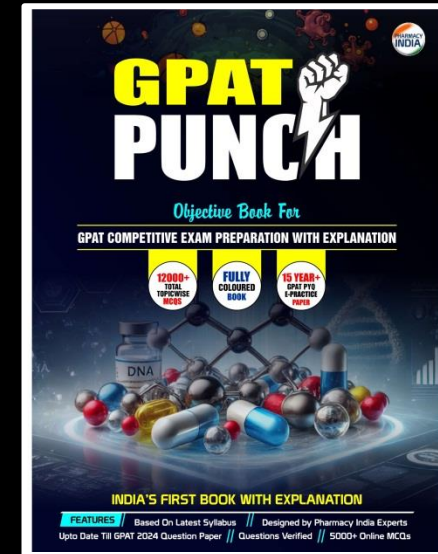
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41.

Who among the following is NOT a member of the State Pharmacy Council?

- (a) Five nominees of the State Government
- (b) Six registered pharmacists elected by the State
- (c) Chief Administrative Medical Officer of the State
- (d) Director General of Health Services of India



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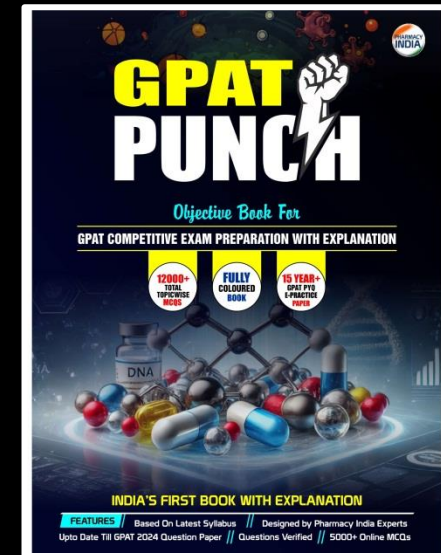
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- (b) Six registered pharmacists elected by the State
- (c) Chief Administrative Medical Officer of the State
- (d) Director General of Health Services of India**



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MEMBERS OF STATE PHARMACY COUNCIL – WHO IS NOT?

STATE PHARMACY COUNCIL INCLUDES:



Five nominees of
State Government



Six registered pharmacists
elected by the State



Chief Administrative
Medical Officer of the State



Officer-in-charge of
Drugs Control Organization



Government Analyst

NOT A MEMBER



Director General of
Health Services of India
(DGHS)



NOTE

DGHS is an **ex-officio** member of
the **Pharmacy Council of India**,
not the **State Pharmacy Council**.



State Pharmacy Council is constituted
under the **Pharmacy Act, 1948** to
regulate the profession at State level.



Pharmacy Council of India (PCI)
is the central regulatory body
for the profession in India.



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42.

The Vice-President of the State Pharmacy Council is elected by:

- (a) State Government**
- (b) Council members**
- (c) Governor**
- (d) Pharmacy Council of India**



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42. The Vice-President of the State Pharmacy Council is elected by:

(a) State Government

(b) Council members

(c) Governor

(d) Pharmacy Council of India



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STATE PHARMACY COUNCIL



As per Pharmacy Act, 1948 – Section 23



The **VICE-PRESIDENT** of the State Pharmacy Council is elected by

COUNCIL MEMBERS
from among themselves.

COMPOSITION OF STATE COUNCIL



Elected & Nominated
Members



ELECTION PROCESS



Members elect
from among
themselves



President

+



Vice-President

Both are elected internally by members.

NOT ELECTED BY



State Government

(a) State
Government



Governor

(c) Governor



Pharmacy Council
of India (PCI)

(d) Pharmacy
Council of India



KEY POINT: Section 23 – The President and Vice-President of the State Council are elected by the members from among themselves.



EXAM MEMORY:

State Council VP =
Elected by Council Members

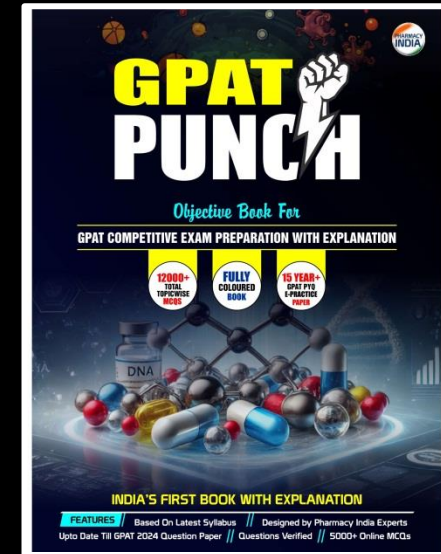


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43.

For the first five years from the first constitution of the State Pharmacy Council, the President is:

- (a) Nominated by the State Government
- (b) Nominated by the Central Government
- (c) Elected by the public
- (d) Appointed by PCI



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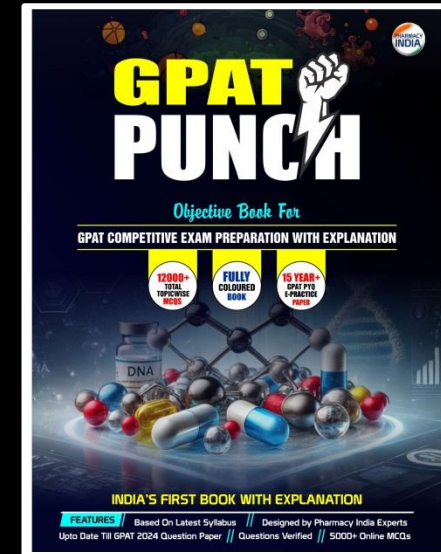
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- (a) Nominated by the State Government
- (b) Nominated by the Central Government
- (c) Elected by the public
- (d) Appointed by PCI



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★ State Pharmacy Council – President ★



For the **first 5 years** from the first constitution of the **State Pharmacy Council**, the President is **nominated by the State Government**.



State
Government

First 5 Years



State
Government



President
Nominated by
State Government

After
5
Years

After 5 Years



Members of
State Council



President & Vice-President
Elected by the members
from among themselves



Key Takeaway:

First 5 years → **Nominated by State Government**; **After that** → **Elected by members**.



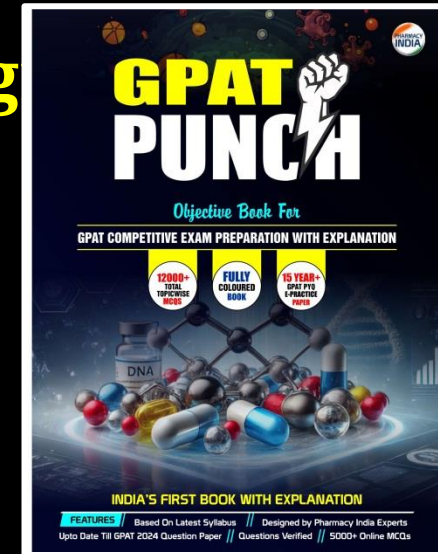
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44.

Elected or nominated members of the Council may resign their membership by writing to the:

- (a) Registrar
- (b) President
- (c) Secretary
- (d) State Government



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44.

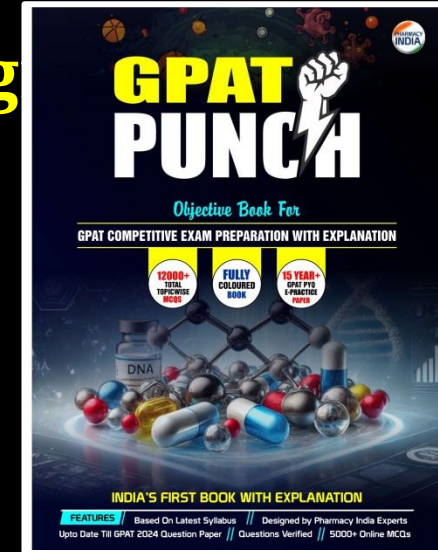
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(a) Registrar

(b) President

(c) Secretary

(d) State Government



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ELECTED OR NOMINATED MEMBER RESIGNATION

WHO CAN RESIGN?



Elected or
Nominated
Members of the Council

HOW TO RESIGN?



Write a resignation
under your hand
(signed by yourself)



Address it to the
PRESIDENT



TO WHOM?



AFTER RESIGNATION



After resignation is accepted,
the seat becomes **VACANT**.



KEY CLUE

Council member
resignation →
**WRITE TO THE
PRESIDENT**



ANSWER



(b) President

A nominated or elected member may **resign** by writing under his hand addressed to the **President**.

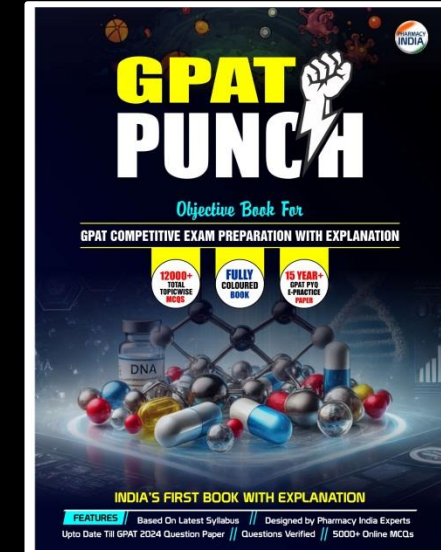


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45. Members of the Council are eligible for:

- (a) Re-election only
- (b) Re-nomination only
- (c) Both re-election and re-nomination
- (d) None of the above



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45.

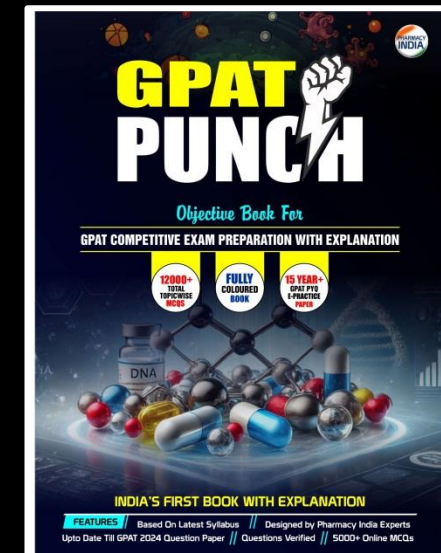
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COUNCIL MEMBERSHIP ELIGIBILITY





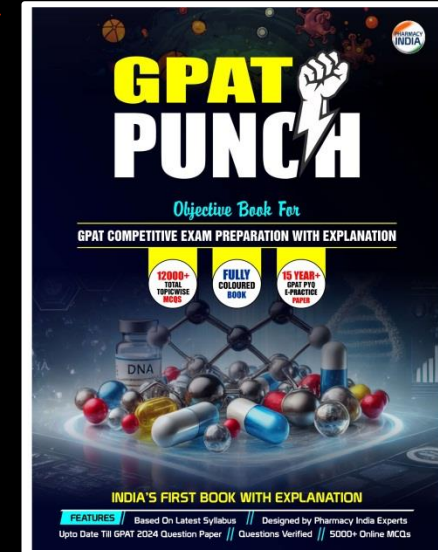
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46.

In a Joint State Pharmacy Council, the number of registered pharmacists elected from each participating State is:

- (a) One to two
- (b) Three to five
- (c) Two to four
- (d) Five to seven



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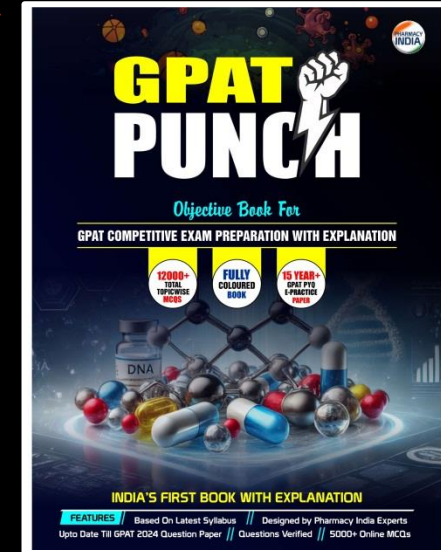


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- (d) Five to seven



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JOINT STATE PHARMACY COUNCIL



REGISTERED PHARMACIST REPRESENTATION

PARTICIPATING STATE A



3 to 5
REGISTERED PHARMACISTS

PARTICIPATING STATE B



3 to 5
REGISTERED PHARMACISTS

PARTICIPATING STATE C



3 to 5
REGISTERED PHARMACISTS



EACH STATE
ELECTS
3 TO 5
REGISTERED
PHARMACISTS.



ENSURES
PHARMACIST
REPRESENTATION
FROM **EVERY**
PARTICIPATING STATE.

**EXAM
PEARL**



JOINT STATE COUNCIL = 3-5 REGISTERED
PHARMACISTS



FROM EACH
PARTICIPATING
STATE.

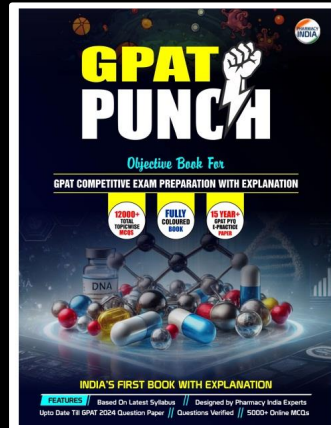


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47.

In a Joint State Pharmacy Council, the number of members nominated by each participating State Government is:

- (a) One to two
- (b) Two to four
- (c) Three to five
- (d) Five to six



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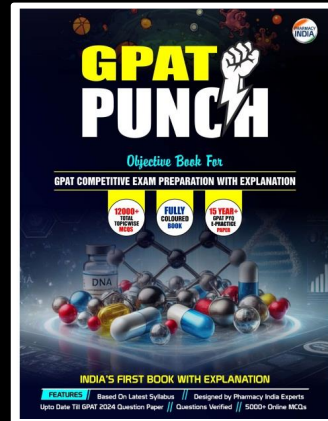


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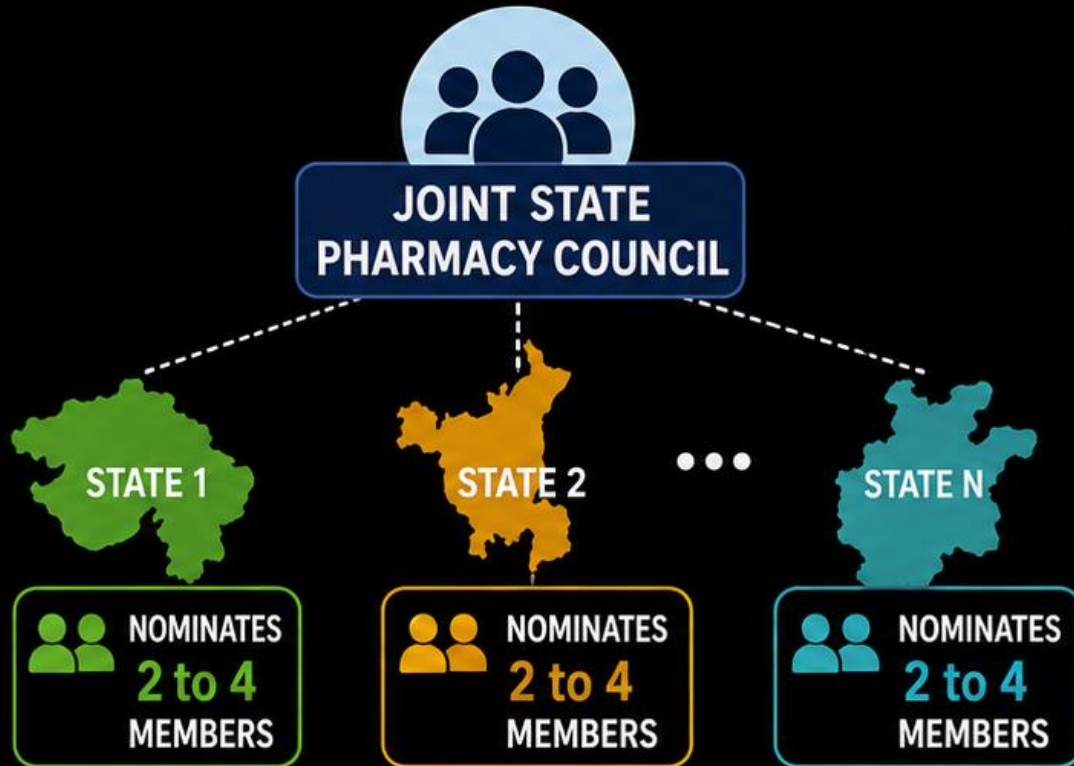
- (a) One to two
- (b) Two to four**
- (c) Three to five
- (d) Five to six



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JOINT STATE PHARMACY COUNCIL (COMPOSITION)

COMPOSITION OF JOINT STATE COUNCIL



✓ CORRECT ANSWER

(b) **Two to four**



Each participating State Government nominates **not less than two** and **not more than four** members to the Joint State Council.



PROVISION:

Mentioned under the **composition** of **Joint State Councils**.



KEY TAKEAWAY:

Each participating State Government nominates **not less than two** and **not more than four** members.





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48.

Which of the following is NOT a function of the State Pharmacy Council?

- (a) Maintenance of register
- (b) Printing of register
- (c) Designing of educational patterns
- (d) Entry and removal of names from register



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48.

Which of the following is NOT a function of the State Pharmacy Council?

- (a) Maintenance of register
- (b) Printing of register
- (c) Designing of educational patterns
- (d) Entry and removal of names from register



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STATE PHARMACY COUNCIL



IMPORTANT FUNCTION NOTE

CORE FUNCTIONS – STATE COUNCIL

1

**MAINTAINS
STATE REGISTER**



Official record of
registered pharmacists

2

**PRINTS THE
REGISTER**



Publishes the
Register periodically

3

**ADDS
ELIGIBLE NAMES**



Enrols eligible
pharmacists

4

**REMOVES NAMES
WHEN REQUIRED**



Strikes off / removes
names as per law

≠

**EDUCATION STANDARDS &
REGULATIONS → PCI**



**NOT THE STATE
COUNCIL'S FUNCTION**



State Pharmacy Council mainly deals with the **State Register** of pharmacists.
Designing **educational standards** and **Education Regulations** is the
function of the **Pharmacy Council of India (PCI)**.



**IMPORTANT
★ POINT ★**



STATE COUNCIL
Handles
REGISTER-RELATED
work



PCI
Handles
**EDUCATION STANDARDS
-- & REGULATIONS**





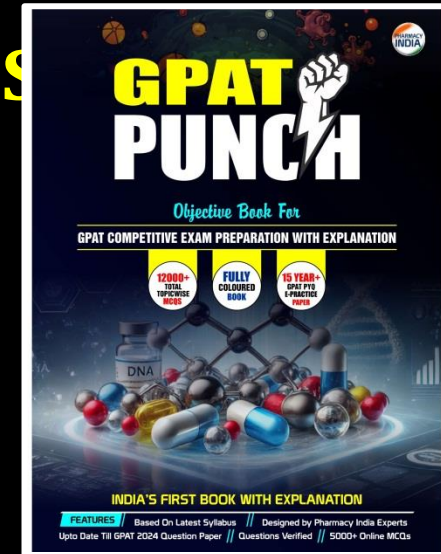
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49.

Which is NOT a function of inspectors appointed by the S Council?

- (a) Maintenance of the register
- (b) Inspecting premises
- (c) Investigating complaints
- (d) Instituting prosecutions



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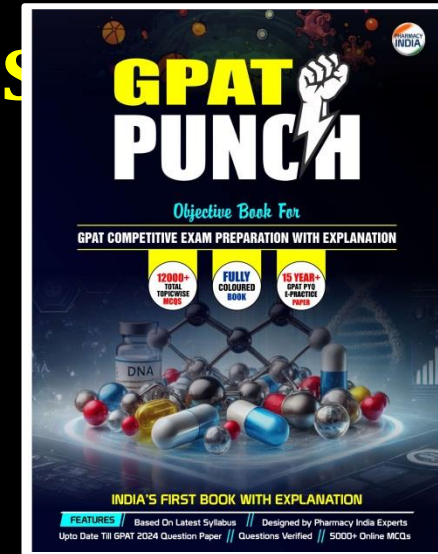
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STATE COUNCIL INSPECTORS



Inspection & enforcement work

★ WHAT INSPECTORS DO ★

1



Inspect premises

inspect places where drugs are kept, sold, or exhibited for sale.

2



Check dispensing

ensure dispensing is done by registered pharmacists.

3



Investigate complaints

enquire into violations or complaints.

4



Institute prosecutions

under orders of the Executive Committee.

✗ NOT THEIR FUNCTION ✗



Maintenance of the register

Register work belongs to the **Council / Registrar**, not inspectors.



Inspector =



Inspection

+



Enquiry

+



Investigation

+



Prosecution



Register maintenance =
Council / Registrar



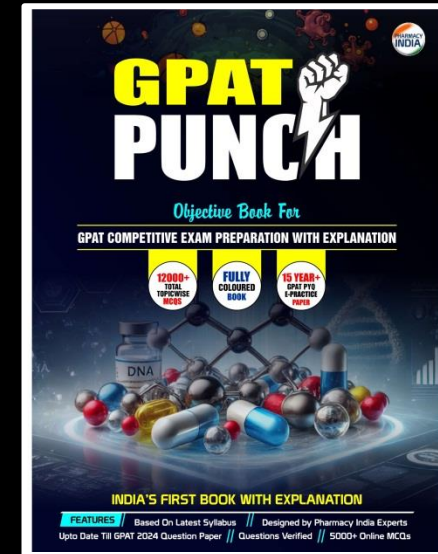
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50.

The penalty for dispensing by an unregistered person is:

- (a) Imprisonment up to 6 months or fine up to ₹1,000 or both
- (b) Fine up to ₹500 only
- (c) Imprisonment up to 1 year
- (d) Permanent ban from practice

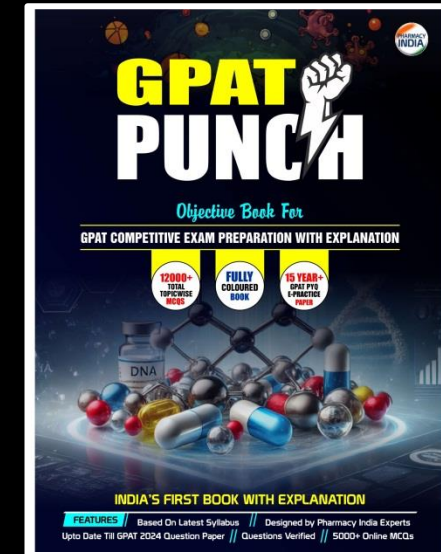


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PENALTY FOR DISPENSING BY AN UNREGISTERED PERSON



PHARMACY ACT, 1948

No person other than a **REGISTERED PHARMACIST** shall compound, prepare, mix or dispense medicines on prescription.



PENALTY



IMPRISONMENT up to
6 MONTHS

OR

FINE up to **₹1,000**

OR

BOTH

EXCEPT PERMITTED CASES



In emergency
:



On a ship
or aircraft



In Armed
Forces

VIOLATION LEADS TO



Imprisonment
up to 6 months



Fine up to
₹1,000

OR BOTH



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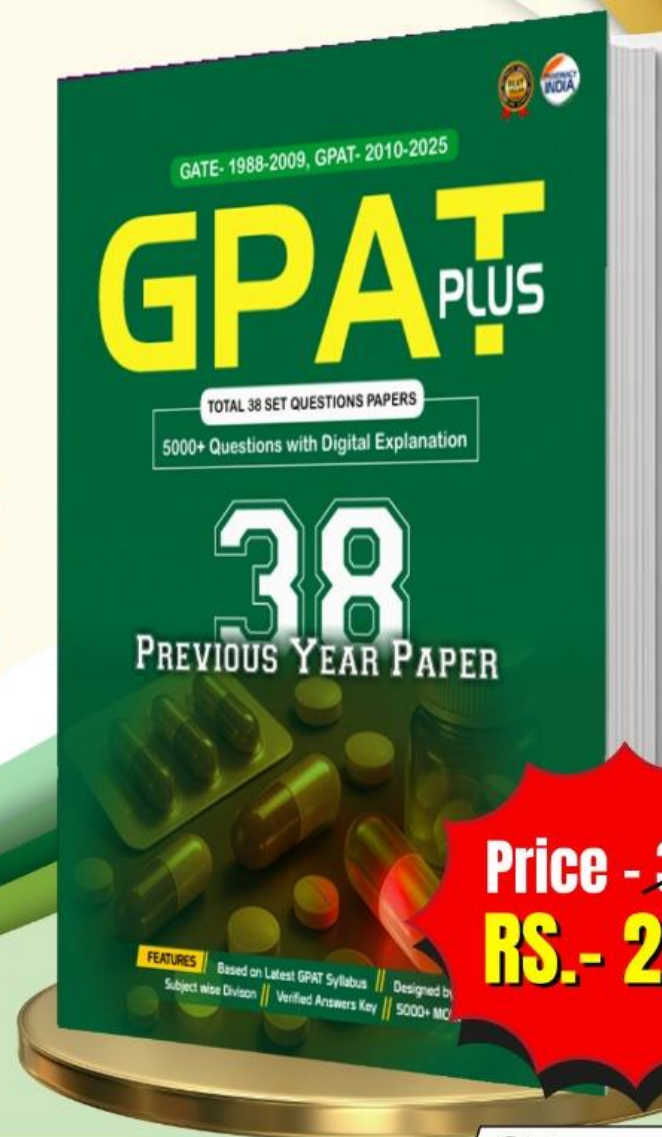
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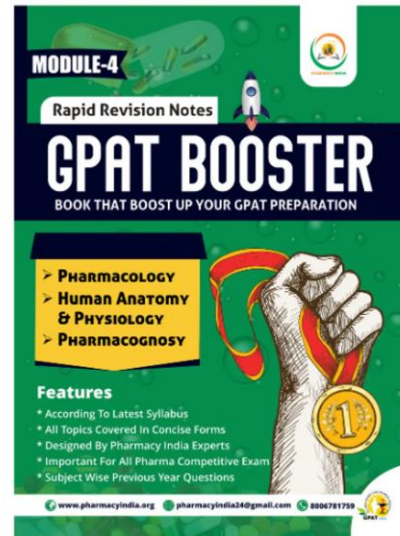
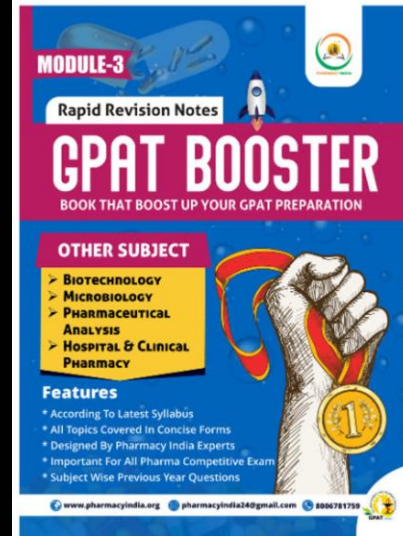
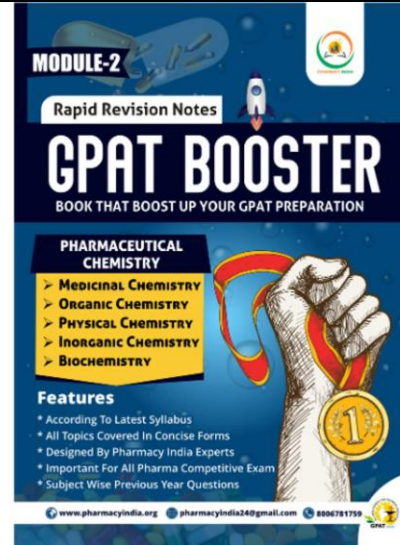
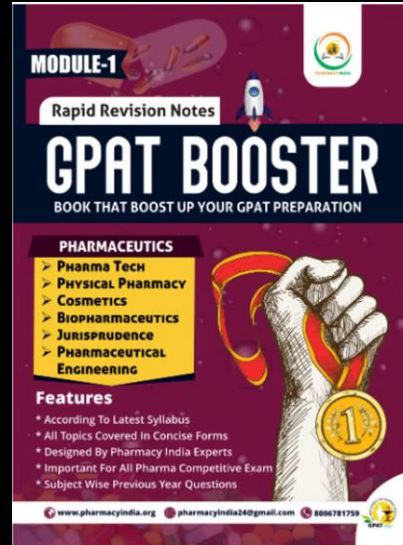


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